SAFETY DATA SHEETS

This SDS packet was issued with item: 070892307

The safety data sheets (SDS) in this packet apply to one or more components included in the items listed below. Items listed below may require one or more SDS. Please refer to invoice for specific item number(s).

070892315



According to Canadian Hazardous Products Regulations and WHMIS 2015

Initial preparation date: 11.28.2017

Patterson Non-Latex Super Dam

SECTION 1: Identification

Product identifier

Product name: Patterson Non-Latex Super Dam Product code: 070892307, 070892315

Recommended use of the product and restriction on use

Relevant identified uses: intended for isolating a tooth from fluids in the mouth during dental procedures, such as filling a cavity preparation. **Uses advised against:** Not determined or not applicable. **Reasons why uses advised against:** Not determined or not applicable.

Manufacturer or supplier details

Manufacturer:

Supplier Patterson Dentaire Canada Inc. 1205 boul Henri-Bourassa West Montreal (Québec) H3M 3E6 +1 514-745-4040

Emergency telephone number:

Canada

CHEMTREC

Within USA and Canada: 1-800-424-9300 (CHEMTREC, 24 hours) Outside USA and Canada: +1-703-527-3887 (CHEMTREC, 24 hours)

SECTION 2: Hazard identification

GHS classification: Not a hazardous substance or mixture

Label elements

Hazard pictograms: None

Signal word: None

Hazard statements: None

Precautionary statements: None

Hazards not otherwise classified: None

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

There are no substances or mixtures present which are classified as hazardous.

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According to Canadian Hazardous Products Regulations and WHMIS 2015

Initial preparation date: 11.28.2017

Patterson Non-Latex Super Dam

Additional Information: None

SECTION 4: First-aid measures

Description of first-aid measures

General notes:

Not determined or not available.

After inhalation:

Loosen clothing as necessary and position individual in a comfortable position Maintain an unobstructed airway Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell

After skin contact:

Rinse affected area with soap and water If symptoms develop or persist, seek medical attention

After eye contact:

Rinse/flush exposed eye(s) gently using water for 15-20 minutes If symptoms develop or persist, seek medical attention

After ingestion:

Rinse mouth thoroughly Seek medical attention if irritation, discomfort, or vomiting persists

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Acute symptoms and effects:

Not determined or not available.

Delayed symptoms and effects:

Not determined or not available.

Immediate medical attention and special treatment

Specific treatment:

Not determined or not available.

Notes for the doctor:

Not determined or not available.

SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media:

Use appropriate fire suppression agents for adjacent combustible materials or sources of ignition

Unsuitable extinguishing media:

Not determined or not applicable.

Specific hazards during fire-fighting:

Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors

Special protective equipment for firefighters:

Use typical firefighting equipment, self-contained breathing apparatus, special tightly sealed suit

Special precautions:

Carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide may form upon combustion Heating causes a rise in pressure, risk of bursting and combustion

According to Canadian Hazardous Products Regulations and WHMIS 2015

Initial preparation date: 11.28.2017

Patterson Non-Latex Super Dam

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures:

Ensure adequate ventilation Ensure air handling systems are operational Wear protective eye wear, gloves and clothing

Environmental precautions:

Should not be released into the environment Prevent from reaching drains, sewer or waterway

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up:

Wear protective eye wear, gloves and clothing Sweep or scoop up solid material while minimizing dust generation Dispose of contents / container in accordance with local regulations

Reference to other sections:

Not determined or not applicable.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling:

Use only with adequate ventilation. Avoid breathing dust. Do not eat, drink, smoke or use personal products when handling chemical substances.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities:

Keep container tightly sealed. Keep container dry. Store in a cool, well-ventilated area.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Only those substances with limit values have been included below.

Occupational Exposure limit values:

No occupational exposure limits noted for the ingredient(s).

Biological limit values:

No biological exposure limits noted for the ingredient(s).

Information on monitoring procedures:

Monitoring of the concentration of substances in the breathing zone of workers or in the general workplace may be required to confirm compliance with an OEL and adequacy of exposure controls. Biological monitoring may also be appropriate for some substances.

Appropriate engineering controls:

Emergency eye wash fountains and safety showers should be available in the immediate vicinity of use or handling.

Provide exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep the airborne concentrations of vapor and mists below the applicable workplace exposure limits (Occupational Exposure Limits-OELs) indicated above.

Personal protection equipment

Eye and face protection:

Safety goggles or glasses, or appropriate eye protection.

Skin and body protection:

According to Canadian Hazardous Products Regulations and WHMIS 2015

Initial preparation date: 11.28.2017

Patterson Non-Latex Super Dam

Select glove material impermeable and resistant to the substance. Wear appropriate clothing to prevent any possibility of skin contact.

Respiratory protection:

If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentrations below recommended exposure limits (where applicable) or to an acceptable level (in countries where exposure limits have not been established), an approved respirator must be worn.

General hygienic measures:

Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Wash hands before breaks and at the end of work. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance (physical state, color):	thin, teal, rubber sheets
Odor:	Not determined or not available.
Odor threshold:	Not determined or not available.
pH-value:	Not determined or not available.
Melting/Freezing point:	Not determined or not available.
Boiling point/range:	Not determined or not available.
Flash point:	Not determined or not available.
Evaporation rate:	Not determined or not available.
Flammability (solid, gaseous):	Not determined or not available.
Explosion limit upper:	Not determined or not available.
Explosion limit lower:	Not determined or not available.
Vapor pressure:	Not determined or not available.
Vapor density:	Not determined or not available.
Density:	Not determined or not available.
Relative density:	Not determined or not available.
Solubilities:	Not determined or not available.
Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water):	Not determined or not available.
Auto/Self-ignition temperature:	Not determined or not available.
Decomposition temperature:	Not determined or not available.
Dynamic viscosity:	Not determined or not available.
Kinematic viscosity:	Not determined or not available.
Explosive properties	Not determined or not available.
Oxidizing properties	Not determined or not available.

Other information

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

Reactivity:

Does not react under normal conditions of use and storage.

Chemical stability:

According to Canadian Hazardous Products Regulations and WHMIS 2015

Initial preparation date: 11.28.2017

Patterson Non-Latex Super Dam

Stable under normal conditions of use and storage.

Possibility of hazardous reactions:

None under normal conditions of use and storage.

Conditions to avoid:

None known.

Incompatible materials:

None known.

Hazardous decomposition products:

None known.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Acute toxicity

Assessment: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Product data: No data available.

Substance data: No data available.

Skin corrosion/irritation

Assessment: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Product data:

No data available.

Substance data: No data available.

Serious eye damage/irritation

Assessment: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Product data:

No data available.

Substance data: No data available.

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Assessment: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Product data:

No data available.

Substance data: No data available.

Carcinogenicity

Assessment: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Product data: No data available.

Substance data: No data available.

International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC): None of the ingredients are listed. National Toxicology Program (NTP): None of the ingredients are listed.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Assessment: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Product data:

No data available.

Substance data: No data available.

Reproductive toxicity

Assessment: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. Product data:

According to Canadian Hazardous Products Regulations and WHMIS 2015

Initial preparation date: 11.28.2017

Patterson Non-Latex Super Dam

Substand	vailable. : e data: No data available.
Specific targ Assessm Product o No data a	get organ toxicity (single exposure) ent: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. data:
Assessm Product of No data a	
Product No data a	ent: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. data:
Information No data avail	on likely routes of exposure: able.
Symptoms r No data avail	elated to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics: able.
Other inforr	nation: able.

Assessment: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. Product data: No data available. Substance data: No data available. Chronic (long-term) toxicity Product data: No data available. Substance data: No data available.

Persistence and degradability

Product data: No data available. **Substance data:** No data available.

Bioaccumulative potential

Product data: No data available. **Substance data:** No data available.

Mobility in soil

Product data: No data available. **Substance data:** No data available.

Other adverse effects: No data available.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

According to Canadian Hazardous Products Regulations and WHMIS 2015

Initial preparation date: 11.28.2017

Patterson Non-Latex Super Dam

Disposal methods:

It is the responsibility of the waste generator to properly characterize all waste materials according to applicable regulatory entities

SECTION 14: Transport information

Canadian Transportation of Dangerous Goods (TDG)

UN number	Not regulated
UN proper shipping name	Not regulated
UN transport hazard class(es)	None
Packing group	None
Environmental hazards	None
Special precautions for user	None

International Maritime Dangerous Goods (IMDG)

UN number	Not regulated
UN proper shipping name	Not regulated
UN transport hazard class(es)	None
Packing group	None
Environmental hazards	None
Special precautions for user	None

International Air Transport Association Dangerous Goods Regulations (IATA-DGR)

UN number	Not regulated
UN proper shipping name	Not regulated
UN transport hazard class(es)	None
Packing group	None
Environmental hazards	None
Special precautions for user	None

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

Canada regulations

Domestic substances list (DSL): Not determined. **Non-domestic substances list (NDSL):** Not determined.

SECTION 16: Other information

Abbreviations and Acronyms: None

Disclaimer:

This product has been classified in accordance with the Canadian Hazardous Products Regulations and WHMIS 2015. The information provided in this SDS is correct, to the best of our knowledge, based on

According to Canadian Hazardous Products Regulations and WHMIS 2015

Initial preparation date: 11.28.2017

Patterson Non-Latex Super Dam

information available. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, storage, transportation and disposal and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials, unless specified in the text. The responsibility to provide a safe workplace remains with the user.

NFPA: 0-0-0-0

HMIS: 0-0-0-0

Initial preparation date: 11.28.2017

End of Safety Data Sheet

COLTENE

HySolate Non-Latex Dental Dam

Coltène/Whaledent GmbH & Co. KG

Version No: 1.1

Safety Data Sheet according to WHMIS 2015 requirements

Issue Date: **11/08/2023** Print Date: **25/10/2023** L.GHS.CAN.EN

SECTION 1 Identification

Product Identifier

Product name	HySolate Non-Latex Dental Dam
Chemical Name	Not Applicable
Synonyms	Not Available
Chemical formula	Not Applicable
Other means of identification	Not Available

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Relevant identified uses	Medical device, for dental use only
Relevant identified uses	Use according to manufacturer's directions.

Name, address, and telephone number of the chemical manufacturer, importer, or other responsible party

Registered company name	Coltène/Whaledent GmbH & Co. KG	Coltène/Whaledent Inc.
Address	Raiffeisenstrasse 30 89129 Langenau Germany	235 Ascot Parkway Cuyahoga Falls, Ohio 44223 United States
Telephone	+49 (7345) 805 0	+1 330 916 8800
Fax	+49 (7345) 805 201	+1 330 916 7077
Website	www.coltene.com	www.coltene.com
Email	msds@coltene.com	info.us@coltene.com

Emergency phone number

Association / Organisation	CHEMWATCH EMERGENCY RESPONSE (24/7)
Emergency telephone numbers	+1 867 670 2867
Other emergency telephone numbers	+61 3 9573 3188

Once connected and if the message is not in your preferred language then please dial 01

Une fois connecté et si le message n'est pas dans votre langue préférée alors s'il vous plaît cadran 07

SECTION 2 Hazard(s) identification

Classification of the substance or mixture

NFPA 704 diamond



Note: The hazard category numbers found in GHS classification in section 2 of this SDSs are NOT to be used to fill in the NFPA 704 diamond. Blue = Health Red = Fire Yellow = Reactivity White = Special (Oxidizer or water reactive substances)

Classification Not Applicable			Classification Not Applicable
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Label elements

Hazard pictogram(s)	Not Applicable
Signal word	Not Applicable

Hazard statement(s)

Not Applicable

Physical and Health hazard(s) not otherwise classified

Not Applicable

Precautionary statement(s) Prevention

Not Applicable

Precautionary statement(s) Response

Not Applicable

Precautionary statement(s) Storage

Not Applicable

Precautionary statement(s) Disposal

Not Applicable

SECTION 3 Composition / information on ingredients

Substances

See section below for composition of Mixtures

Mixtures

The specific chemical identity and/or exact percentage (concentration) of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

SECTION 4 First-aid measures

Description of first aid measures

Eye Contact	 If this product comes in contact with eyes: Wash out immediately with water. If irritation continues, seek medical attention. Removal of contact lenses after an eye injury should only be undertaken by skilled personnel.
Skin Contact	 If skin or hair contact occurs: Flush skin and hair with running water (and soap if available). Seek medical attention in event of irritation.
Inhalation	 If fumes, aerosols or combustion products are inhaled remove from contaminated area. Other measures are usually unnecessary.
Ingestion	 Immediately give a glass of water. First aid is not generally required. If in doubt, contact a Poisons Information Centre or a doctor.

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat symptomatically.

SECTION 5 Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media

- There is no restriction on the type of extinguisher which may be used.
- Use extinguishing media suitable for surrounding area.

Special hazards arising from the substrate or mixture

Fire Incom	patibility	None known	

Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters

Fire Fighting	 Alert Fire Brigade and tell them location and nature of hazard. Wear breathing apparatus plus protective gloves in the event of a fire. Prevent, by any means available, spillage from entering drains or water courses. Use fire fighting procedures suitable for surrounding area. DO NOT approach containers suspected to be hot. Cool fire exposed containers with water spray from a protected location. If safe to do so, remove containers from path of fire. Equipment should be thoroughly decontaminated after use.
Fire/Explosion Hazard	 Non combustible. Not considered a significant fire risk, however containers may burn.

SECTION 6 Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

See section 8

Environmental precautions

See section 12

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Minor Spills	 Clean up all spills immediately. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Wear impervious gloves and safety glasses. Use dry clean up procedures and avoid generating dust. Vacuum up (consider explosion-proof machines designed to be grounded during storage and use). Do NOT use air hoses for cleaning Place spilled material in clean, dry, sealable, labelled container.
Major Spills	 Clear area of personnel and move upwind. Alert Fire Brigade and tell them location and nature of hazard. Control personal contact with the substance, by using protective equipment and dust respirator. Prevent spillage from entering drains, sewers or water courses. Avoid generating dust. Sweep, shovel up. Recover product wherever possible. Put residues in labelled plastic bags or other containers for disposal. If contamination of drains or waterways occurs, advise emergency services.

Personal Protective Equipment advice is contained in Section 8 of the SDS.

SECTION 7 Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Safe handling	 Limit all unnecessary personal contact. Wear protective clothing when risk of exposure occurs. Use in a well-ventilated area. Avoid contact with incompatible materials. When handling, DO NOT eat, drink or smoke. Keep containers securely sealed when not in use. Avoid physical damage to containers. Always wash hands with soap and water after handling. Work clothes should be laundered separately. Use good occupational work practice. Atmosphere should be regularly checked against established exposure standards to ensure safe working conditions are maintained.
Other information	 Store in original containers. Keep containers securely sealed. Store in a cool, dry area protected from environmental extremes. Store away from incompatible materials and foodstuff containers.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Suitable container	 Lined metal can, lined metal pail/ can. Plastic pail. Polyliner drum. Packing as recommended by manufacturer. Check all containers are clearly labelled and free from leaks.
Storage incompatibility	None known

SECTION 8 Exposure controls / personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational Exposure Limits (OEL)

INGREDIENT DATA

Not Available

Emergency Limits

Ingredient	TEEL-1	TEEL-2		TEEL-3
HySolate Non-Latex Dental Dam	Not Available	Not Available		Not Available
Ingredient	Original IDLH		Revised IDLH	
HySolate Non-Latex Dental Dam	Not Available		Not Available	

MATERIAL DATA

Exposure controls

	Engineering controls are used to remove a hazard or place a barrier between the worker and the hazard. Well-designed engineering controls can be highly effective in protecting workers and will typically be independent of worker interactions to provide this high level of protection. The basic types of engineering controls are: Process controls which involve changing the way a job activity or process is done to reduce the risk. Enclosure and/or isolation of emission source which keeps a selected hazard "physically" away from the worker and ventilation that strategically "adds" and "removes" air in the work environment. Ventilation can remove or dilute an air contaminant if designed properly. The design of a ventilation system must match the particular process and chemical or contaminant in use. Employers may need to use multiple types of controls to prevent employee overexposure.			
Appropriate engineering controls	 Local exhaust ventilation is required where solids are handled as powders or crystals; even when particulates are relatively large, a certain proportion will be powdered by mutual friction. If in spite of local exhaust an adverse concentration of the substance in air could occur, respiratory protection should be considered. Such protection might consist of: (a): particle dust respirators, if necessary, combined with an absorption cartridge; (b): filter respirators with absorption cartridge or canister of the right type; (c): fresh-air hoods or masks. Air contaminants generated in the workplace possess varying "escape" velocities which, in turn, determine the "capture velocities" of fresh circulating air required to effectively remove the contaminant. 			
	Type of Contaminant:	Air Speed:		
	direct spray, spray painting in shallow booths, drum filling, discharge (active generation into zone of rapid air motion)	1-2.5 m/s (200-500 f/min.)		
	grinding, abrasive blasting, tumbling, high speed wheel generated dusts (released at high initial velocity into zone of very high rapid air motion).		2.5-10 m/s (500-2000 f/min.)	
	Within each range the appropriate value depends on:			
	Lower end of the range	Upper end of the range		
	1: Room air currents minimal or favourable to capture	1: Disturbing room air currents		
	2: Contaminants of low toxicity or of nuisance value only.	2: Contaminants of high toxicity	of high toxicity	
	3: Intermittent, low production.	3: High production, heavy use		
	4: Large hood or large air mass in motion	4: Small hood-local control only		
	Simple theory shows that air velocity falls rapidly with distance away from the opening of a simple extraction pipe. Velocity generally decreases with the square of distance from the extraction point (in simple cases). Therefore the air speed at the extraction point should be adjusted, accordingly, after reference to distance from the contaminating source. The air velocity at the extraction fan, for example, should be a minimum of 4-10 m/s (800-2000 f/min) for extraction of crusher dusts generated 2 metres			

	distant from the extraction point. Other mechanical considerations, producing performance deficits within the extraction apparatus, make it essential that theoretical air velocities are multiplied by factors of 10 or more when extraction systems are installed or used.
Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment	
Eye and face protection	 Safety glasses with side shields Chemical goggles. [AS/NZS 1337.1, EN166 or national equivalent] Contact lenses may pose a special hazard; soft contact lenses may absorb and concentrate irritants. A written policy document, describing the wearing of lenses or restrictions on use, should be created for each workplace or task. This should include a review of lens absorption and adsorption for the class of chemicals in use and an account of injury experience. Medical and first-aid personnel should be trained in their removal and suitable equipment should be readily available. In the event of chemical exposure, begin eye irrigation immediately and remove contact lens as soon as practicable. Lens should be removed at the first signs of eye redness or irritation - lens should be removed in a clean environment only after workers have washed hands thoroughly. [CDC NIOSH Current Intelligence Bulletin 59].
Skin protection	See Hand protection below
Hands/feet protection	 Experience indicates that the following polymers are suitable as glove materials for protection against undissolved, dry solids, where abrasive particles are not present. polychloroprene. nitrile rubber. butyl rubber. fluorocaoutchouc. polyvinyl chloride. Gloves should be examined for wear and/ or degradation constantly.
Body protection	See Other protection below
Other protection	No special equipment needed when handling small quantities. OTHERWISE: • Overalls. • Barrier cream. • Eyewash unit.

Required Minimum Protection Factor	Half-Face Respirator	Full-Face Respirator	Powered Air Respirator
up to 10 x ES	P1 Air-line*	-	PAPR-P1 -
up to 50 x ES	Air-line**	P2	PAPR-P2
up to 100 x ES	-	P3	-
		Air-line*	-
100+ x ES	-	Air-line**	PAPR-P3

* - Negative pressure demand ** - Continuous flow

A(All classes) = Organic vapours, B AUS or B1 = Acid gasses, B2 = Acid gas or hydrogen cyanide(HCN), B3 = Acid gas or hydrogen cyanide(HCN), E = Sulfur dioxide(SO2), G = Agricultural chemicals, K = Ammonia(NH3), Hg = Mercury, NO = Oxides of nitrogen, MB = Methyl bromide, AX = Low boiling point organic compounds(below 65 degC)

SECTION 9 Physical and chemical properties

Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance	Not Available			
Physical state	Solid	Relative density (Water = 1)	Not Available	
Odour	Not Available	Partition coefficient n-octanol / water	Not Available	
Odour threshold	Not Available	Auto-ignition temperature (°C)	Not Available	
pH (as supplied)	Not Available	Decomposition temperature (°C)	Not Available	
Melting point / freezing point (°C)	Not Available	Viscosity (cSt)	Not Available	
Initial boiling point and boiling range (°C)	Not Available	Molecular weight (g/mol)	Not Available	

Flash point (°C)	Not Available	Taste	Not Available
Evaporation rate	Not Available	Explosive properties	Not Available
Flammability	Not Available	Oxidising properties	Not Available
Upper Explosive Limit (%)	Not Available	Surface Tension (dyn/cm or mN/m)	Not Applicable
Lower Explosive Limit (%)	Not Available	Volatile Component (%vol)	Not Available
Vapour pressure (kPa)	Not Available	Gas group	Not Available
Solubility in water	Immiscible	pH as a solution (1%)	Not Available
Vapour density (Air = 1)	Not Available	VOC g/L	Not Available

SECTION 10 Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	See section 7
Chemical stability	Product is considered stable and hazardous polymerisation will not occur.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	See section 7
Conditions to avoid	See section 7
Incompatible materials	See section 7
Hazardous decomposition products	See section 5

SECTION 11 Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Inhaled Ingestion Skin Contact Eye Chronic

HySolate Non-Latex Dental	ΤΟΧΙCITY	IRRITATION	
Dam	Not Available	Not Available	
Legend:	 Value obtained from Europe ECHA Registered Substances - Acute toxicity 2. Value obtained from manufacturer's SDS. Unless otherwise specified data extracted from RTECS - Register of Toxic Effect of chemical Substances 		

Acute Toxicity	×	Carcinogenicity	×
Skin Irritation/Corrosion	×	Reproductivity	×
Serious Eye Damage/Irritation	×	STOT - Single Exposure	×
Respiratory or Skin sensitisation	×	STOT - Repeated Exposure	×
Mutagenicity	×	Aspiration Hazard	×
	Le	gend: 🗙 – Data either not ava	ilable or does not fill the criteria for classification

Data available to make classification

SECTION 12 Ecological information

Toxicity

Heledada New Later Devide	Endpoint	Test Duration (hr)	Species	Value	Source
HySolate Non-Latex Dental Dam	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
Legend:	4. US EPA, E		Registered Substances - Ecotoxicological Info CETOC Aquatic Hazard Assessment Data 6. I I Data 8. Vendor Data		

Persistence and degradability

Ingredient	Persistence: Water/Soil	Persistence: Air
	No Data available for all ingredients	No Data available for all ingredients

Bioaccumulative potential

Ingredient	Bioaccumulation
	No Data available for all ingredients

Mobility in soil

Ingredient	Mobility
	No Data available for all ingredients

SECTION 13 Disposal considerations

Waste treatment methods	
Product / Packaging disposal	Dispose of waste according to applicable legislation. Special country-specific regulations may apply. Can be disposed together with household waste in compliance with official regulations in contact with approved waste disposal companies and with authorities in charge. (Only dispose of completely emptied packages.)

SECTION 14 Transport information

Labels Required

Marine Pollutant NO

Land transport (TDG): NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS

Air transport (ICAO-IATA / DGR): NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS

Sea transport (IMDG-Code / GGVSee): NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS

14.7.1. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC code

Not Applicable

14.7.2. Transport in bulk in accordance with MARPOL Annex V and the IMSBC Code

	Product name	Group				
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14.7.3. Transport in bulk in accordance with the IGC Code

SECTION 15 Regulatory information

Safety, health and environmental regulations / legislation specific for the substance or mixture

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Hazardous Products Regulations and the SDS contains all the information required by the Hazardous Products Regulations.

National Inventory Status

National Inventory	Status
Australia - AIIC / Australia Non-Industrial Use	Not Available
Canada - DSL	Not Available
Canada - NDSL	Not Available
China - IECSC	Not Available
Europe - EINEC / ELINCS / NLP	Not Available
Japan - ENCS	Not Available

National Inventory	Status
Korea - KECI	Not Available
New Zealand - NZIoC	Not Available
Philippines - PICCS	Not Available
USA - TSCA	Not Available
Taiwan - TCSI	Not Available
Mexico - INSQ	Not Available
Vietnam - NCI	Not Available
Russia - FBEPH	Not Available
Legend:	Yes = All CAS declared ingredients are on the inventory No = One or more of the CAS listed ingredients are not on the inventory. These ingredients may be exempt or will require registration.

SECTION 16 Other information

Revision Date	11/08/2023
Initial Date	11/02/2022

Other information

Classification of the preparation and its individual components has drawn on official and authoritative sources as well as independent review by the Chemwatch Classification committee using available literature references.

The SDS is a Hazard Communication tool and should be used to assist in the Risk Assessment. Many factors determine whether the reported Hazards are Risks in the workplace or other settings. Risks may be determined by reference to Exposures Scenarios. Scale of use, frequency of use and current or available engineering controls must be considered.

Definitions and abbreviations

- PC TWA: Permissible Concentration-Time Weighted Average
- PC STEL: Permissible Concentration-Short Term Exposure Limit
- IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer
- ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists
- STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit
- TEEL: Temporary Emergency Exposure Limit.
- IDLH: Immediately Dangerous to Life or Health Concentrations
- ES: Exposure Standard
- OSF: Odour Safety Factor
- NOAEL: No Observed Adverse Effect Level
- LOAEL: Lowest Observed Adverse Effect Level
- TLV: Threshold Limit Value
- LOD: Limit Of Detection
- OTV: Odour Threshold Value
- BCF: BioConcentration Factors
- BEI: Biological Exposure Index
- DNEL: Derived No-Effect Level
- PNEC: Predicted no-effect concentration
- AIIC: Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals
- DSL: Domestic Substances List
- NDSL: Non-Domestic Substances List
- IECSC: Inventory of Existing Chemical Substance in China
- * EINECS: European INventory of Existing Commercial chemical Substances
- ELINCS: European List of Notified Chemical Substances
- NLP: No-Longer Polymers
- ENCS: Existing and New Chemical Substances Inventory
- KECI: Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory
- NZIoC: New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals
- PICCS: Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances
- TSCA: Toxic Substances Control Act
- TCSI: Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory
- INSQ: Inventario Nacional de Sustancias Químicas
- NCI: National Chemical Inventory
- ▶ FBEPH: Russian Register of Potentially Hazardous Chemical and Biological Substances

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COLTENE

HySolate Non-Latex Dental Dam

Coltène/Whaledent GmbH & Co. KG

Version No: 1.1

Safety Data Sheet (Conforms to Annex II of REACH (1907/2006) - Regulation 2020/878)

Issue Date: **11/08/2023** Print Date: **25/10/2023** L.REACH.CHE.EN

SECTION 1 Identification of the substance / mixture and of the company / undertaking

1.1. Product Identifier

Product name	ySolate Non-Latex Dental Dam	
Chemical Name	Not Applicable	
Synonyms	Not Available	
Chemical formula	Not Applicable	
Other means of identification	Not Available	

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

	Relevant identified uses	Medical device, for dental use only Use according to manufacturer's directions.
Uses advised against No specific uses advised against are identified.		No specific uses advised against are identified.

1.3. Details of the manufacturer or supplier of the safety data sheet

Registered company name	Coltène/Whaledent GmbH & Co. KG	Coltène/Whaledent Inc.	
Address	Raiffeisenstrasse 30 89129 Langenau Germany 235 Ascot Parkway Cuyahoga Falls, Ohio 44223 U States		
Telephone	+49 (7345) 805 0 +1 330 916 8800		
Fax	+49 (7345) 805 201 +1 330 916 7077		
Website	bsite www.coltene.com www.coltene.com		
Email	mail msds@coltene.com info.us@coltene.com		

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Association / Organisation	CHEMWATCH EMERGENCY RESPONSE (24/7)	
Emergency telephone numbers	+41 44 551 43 62	
Other emergency telephone numbers	+61 3 9573 3188	

Once connected and if the message is not in your preferred language then please dial 01

Une fois connecté et si le message n'est pas dans votre langue préférée alors s'il vous plaît cadran 07

Una volta collegato, se il messaggio non é nella lingua di preferenza, si prega di digitare 08

Sobald die Verbindung hergestellt und wenn die Nachricht nicht in der gewünschten Sprache dann wählen Sie bitte 10

SECTION 2 Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification according to		
regulation (EC) No		
1272/2008 [CLP] and		
amendments [1]		

Not Applicable

2.2. Label elements

Hazard pictogram(s)	Not Applicable
Signal word	Not Applicable

Hazard statement(s)

Not Applicable

Supplementary statement(s)

Not Applicable

Precautionary statement(s) Prevention

Not Applicable

Precautionary statement(s) Response

Not Applicable

Precautionary statement(s) Storage

Not Applicable

Precautionary statement(s) Disposal

Not Applicable

2.3. Other hazards

May produce discomfort of the respiratory system*.

REACH - Art.57-59: The mixture does not contain Substances of Very High Concern (SVHC) at the SDS print date.

SECTION 3 Composition / information on ingredients

3.1.Substances

See 'Composition on ingredients' in Section 3.2

3.2.Mixtures

1. CAS No 2.EC No 3.Index No 4.REACH No		%[weight]	Name	Classification according to regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 [CLP] and amendments	SCL / M-Factor	Nanoform Particle Characteristics
	Legend:			watch; 2. Classification drawn from Regulation (EU) No 127. ailable; [e] Substance identified as having endocrine disrupti		/l; 3. Classification drawn from

SECTION 4 First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

Eye Contact	 If this product comes in contact with eyes: Wash out immediately with water. If irritation continues, seek medical attention. Removal of contact lenses after an eye injury should only be undertaken by skilled personnel.
Skin Contact	 If skin or hair contact occurs: Flush skin and hair with running water (and soap if available). Seek medical attention in event of irritation.
Inhalation	 If fumes, aerosols or combustion products are inhaled remove from contaminated area. Other measures are usually unnecessary.
Ingestion	 Immediately give a glass of water. First aid is not generally required. If in doubt, contact a Poisons Information Centre or a doctor.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

See Section 11

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat symptomatically.

SECTION 5 Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

- There is no restriction on the type of extinguisher which may be used.
- Use extinguishing media suitable for surrounding area.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substrate or mixture

Fire Incompatibility	None known.	
5.3. Advice for firefighters	5	
	Alert Fire Brigade and tell them location and nature of hazard.	

Fire Fighting	 Wear breathing apparatus plus protective gloves in the event of a fire. Prevent, by any means available, spillage from entering drains or water courses. Use fire fighting procedures suitable for surrounding area. DO NOT approach containers suspected to be hot. Cool fire exposed containers with water spray from a protected location. If safe to do so, remove containers from path of fire. Equipment should be thoroughly decontaminated after use.
Fire/Explosion Hazard	 Non combustible. Not considered a significant fire risk, however containers may burn.

SECTION 6 Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

See section 8

6.2. Environmental precautions

See section 12

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Minor Spills	 Clean up all spills immediately. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Wear impervious gloves and safety glasses. Use dry clean up procedures and avoid generating dust. Vacuum up (consider explosion-proof machines designed to be grounded during storage and use). Do NOT use air hoses for cleaning Place spilled material in clean, dry, sealable, labelled container.
Major Spills	 Clear area of personnel and move upwind. Alert Fire Brigade and tell them location and nature of hazard. Control personal contact with the substance, by using protective equipment and dust respirator. Prevent spillage from entering drains, sewers or water courses. Avoid generating dust. Sweep, shovel up. Recover product wherever possible. Put residues in labelled plastic bags or other containers for disposal. If contamination of drains or waterways occurs, advise emergency services.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Personal Protective Equipment advice is contained in Section 8 of the SDS.

SECTION 7 Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Safe handling	 Limit all unnecessary personal contact. Wear protective clothing when risk of exposure occurs. Use in a well-ventilated area. Avoid contact with incompatible materials. When handling, DO NOT eat, drink or smoke. Keep containers securely sealed when not in use. Avoid physical damage to containers. Always wash hands with soap and water after handling.

	 Work clothes should be laundered separately. Use good occupational work practice. Atmosphere should be regularly checked against established exposure standards to ensure safe working conditions are maintained.
Fire and explosion protection	See section 5
Other information	 Store in original containers. Keep containers securely sealed. Store in a cool, dry area protected from environmental extremes. Store away from incompatible materials and foodstuff containers.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Suitable container	 Lined metal can, lined metal pail/ can. Plastic pail. Polyliner drum. Packing as recommended by manufacturer. Check all containers are clearly labelled and free from leaks.
Storage incompatibility	None known
Hazard categories in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008	Not Available
Qualifying quantity (tonnes) of dangerous substances as referred to in Article 3(10) for the application of	Not Available

7.3. Specific end use(s)

See section 1.2

SECTION 8 Exposure controls / personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Ingredient	DNELs Exposure Pattern Worker	PNECs Compartment
Not Available	Not Available	Not Available

* Values for General Population

Occupational Exposure Limits (OEL)

INGREDIENT DATA

Source	Ingredient	Material name	TWA	STEL	Peak	Notes
Not Available						

Not Applicable

Emergency Limits

Ingredient	TEEL-1	TEEL-2		TEEL-3
HySolate Non-Latex Dental Dam	Not Available	Not Available		Not Available
Ingredient	Original IDLH		Revised IDLH	
HySolate Non-Latex Dental Dam	Not Available		Not Available	

MATERIAL DATA

8.2. Exposure controls

	Engineering controls are used to remove a hazard or place a barrier between the worker and the hazard. Well-designed
8.2.1. Appropriate	engineering controls can be highly effective in protecting workers and will typically be independent of worker interactions to
engineering controls	provide this high level of protection.

Other protection

Overalls.Barrier cream.Eyewash unit.

HySolate Non-Latex Dental Dam

	Process controls which involve changing the way a job activity or process is done to reduce the risk. Enclosure and/or isolation of emission source which keeps a selected hazard "physically" away from the worker and ventilation that strategically "adds" and "removes" air in the work environment. Ventilation can remove or dilute an air contaminant if designed properly. The design of a ventilation system must match the particular process and chemical or contaminant in use. Employers may need to use multiple types of controls to prevent employee overexposure. • Local exhaust ventilation is required where solids are handled as powders or crystals; even when particulates are relatively large, a certain proportion will be powdered by mutual friction. • If in spite of local exhaust an adverse concentration of the substance in air could occur, respiratory protection should be considered. Such protection might consist of: (a): particle dust respirators, if necessary, combined with an absorption cartridge; (b): filter respirators with absorption cartridge or canister of the right type; (c): fresh-air hoods or masks. Air contaminants generated in the workplace possess varying "escape" velocities which, in turn, determine the "capture velocities" of fresh circulating air required to effectively remove the contaminant. Type of Contaminant: Air Speed: direct spray, spray painting in shallow booths, drum filling, conveyer loading, crusher dusts, gas discharge (active generation into zone of rapid air motion) 1-2.5 m/s (200-500 f/min.)		
	grinding, abrasive blasting, tumbling, high speed wheel gen velocity into zone of very high rapid air motion).	nerated dusts (released at high initial	2.5-10 m/s (500-2000 f/min.)
	Within each range the appropriate value depends on:		
	Lower end of the range	Upper end of the range	
	1: Room air currents minimal or favourable to capture	1: Disturbing room air currents	
	2: Contaminants of low toxicity or of nuisance value only.	2: Contaminants of high toxicity	
	3: Intermittent, low production.	3: High production, heavy use	
	4: Large hood or large air mass in motion	4: Small hood-local control only	
	Simple theory shows that air velocity falls rapidly with distance generally decreases with the square of distance from the ext extraction point should be adjusted, accordingly, after referent extraction fan, for example, should be a minimum of 4-10 m/s distant from the extraction point. Other mechanical considerat apparatus, make it essential that theoretical air velocities are installed or used.	raction point (in simple cases). Therefore the distance from the contaminating source to distance from the contaminating source (800-2000 f/min) for extraction of crushe ations, producing performance deficits with	he air speed at the urce. The air velocity at the r dusts generated 2 metres in the extraction
8.2.2. Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment			
Eye and face protection	 Safety glasses with side shields Chemical goggles. [AS/NZS 1337.1, EN166 or national e Contact lenses may pose a special hazard; soft contact le document, describing the wearing of lenses or restriction include a review of lens absorption and adsorption for the Medical and first-aid personnel should be trained in their event of chemical exposure, begin eye irrigation immedia be removed at the first signs of eye redness or irritation - have washed hands thoroughly. [CDC NIOSH Current Internation - have mathematical exposure] 	enses may absorb and concentrate irritant s on use, should be created for each work e class of chemicals in use and an accoun removal and suitable equipment should be tely and remove contact lens as soon as lens should be removed in a clean environ	place or task. This should t of injury experience. e readily available. In the practicable. Lens should
Skin protection	See Hand protection below		
Hands/feet protection	 Experience indicates that the following polymers are suitable where abrasive particles are not present. polychloroprene. nitrile rubber. butyl rubber. fluorocaoutchouc. polyvinyl chloride. Gloves should be examined for wear and/ or degradation corr 		undissolved, dry solids,
Body protection	See Other protection below		
	No special equipment needed when handling small quantities OTHERWISE:	S.	
Ath an investigat'			

Required Minimum Protection Factor	Half-Face Respirator	Full-Face Respirator	Powered Air Respirator
up to 10 x ES	P1	-	PAPR-P1
	Air-line*	-	-
up to 50 x ES	Air-line**	P2	PAPR-P2
up to 100 x ES	-	P3	-
		Air-line*	-
100+ x ES	-	Air-line**	PAPR-P3

* - Negative pressure demand ** - Continuous flow

A(All classes) = Organic vapours, B AUS or B1 = Acid gasses, B2 = Acid gas or hydrogen cyanide(HCN), B3 = Acid gas or hydrogen cyanide(HCN), E = Sulfur dioxide(SO2), G = Agricultural chemicals, K = Ammonia(NH3), Hg = Mercury, NO = Oxides of nitrogen, MB = Methyl bromide, AX = Low boiling point organic compounds(below 65 degC)

8.2.3. Environmental exposure controls

See section 12

SECTION 9 Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance	Not Available		
Physical state	Solid	Relative density (Water = 1)	Not Available
Odour	Not Available	Partition coefficient n-octanol / water	Not Available
Odour threshold	Not Available	Auto-ignition temperature (°C)	Not Available
pH (as supplied)	Not Available	Decomposition temperature (°C)	Not Available
Melting point / freezing point (°C)	Not Available	Viscosity (cSt)	Not Available
Initial boiling point and boiling range (°C)	Not Available	Molecular weight (g/mol)	Not Available
Flash point (°C)	Not Available	Taste	Not Available
Evaporation rate	Not Available	Explosive properties	Not Available
Flammability	Not Available	Oxidising properties	Not Available
Upper Explosive Limit (%)	Not Available	Surface Tension (dyn/cm or mN/m)	Not Applicable
Lower Explosive Limit (%)	Not Available	Volatile Component (%vol)	Not Available
Vapour pressure (kPa)	Not Available	Gas group	Not Available
Solubility in water	Immiscible	pH as a solution (1%)	Not Available
Vapour density (Air = 1)	Not Available	VOC g/L	Not Available
Nanoform Solubility	Not Available	Nanoform Particle Characteristics	Not Available
Particle Size	Not Available		

9.2. Other information

Not Available

SECTION 10 Stability and reactivity

10.1.Reactivity	See section 7.2
10.2. Chemical stability	Product is considered stable and hazardous polymerisation will not occur.
10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions	See section 7.2
10.4. Conditions to avoid	See section 7.2

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10.5. Incompatible materials	See section 7.2
10.6. Hazardous decomposition products	See section 5.3

SECTION 11 Toxicological information

11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Inhaled			
Ingestion			
Skin Contact			
Eye			
Chronic			
HySolate Non-Latex Dental	ΤΟΧΙΟΙΤΥ	IRRITATION	
Dam	Not Available	Not Available	
Legend:		egistered Substances - Acute toxicity 2. Value obtained from m ad from RTECS - Register of Toxic Effect of chemical Substanc	

Acute Toxicity	×	Carcinogenicity	×
Skin Irritation/Corrosion	×	Reproductivity	×
Serious Eye Damage/Irritation	×	STOT - Single Exposure	×
Respiratory or Skin sensitisation	×	STOT - Repeated Exposure	×
Mutagenicity	×	Aspiration Hazard	×

Legend:

Data either not available or does not fill the criteria for classification
 Data available to make classification

11.2 Information on other hazards

11.2.1. Endocrine disrupting properties

No evidence of endocrine disrupting properties were found in the current literature.

11.2.2. Other information

See Section 11.1

SECTION 12 Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

HySolate Non-Latex Dental Dam	Endpoint	Test Duration (hr)	Species	Value	Source
	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
Legend:	Extracted from 1. IUCLID Toxicity Data 2. Europe ECHA Registered Substances - Ecotoxicological Information - Aquatic Toxicity 4. US EPA, Ecotox database - Aquatic Toxicity Data 5. ECETOC Aquatic Hazard Assessment Data 6. NITE (Japan) - Bioconcentration Data 7. METI (Japan) - Bioconcentration Data 8. Vendor Data				

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Ingredient	Persistence: Water/Soil	Persistence: Air	
	No Data available for all ingredients	No Data available for all ingredients	

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Ingredient	Bioaccumulation		
	No Data available for all ingredients		

12.4. Mobility in soil

Ingredient	Mobility
	No Data available for all ingredients

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

	Р	В	т	
Relevant available data	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	
PBT	×	×	×	
vPvB	×	×	×	
PBT Criteria fulfilled? No				
vPvB No				

12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties

No evidence of endocrine disrupting properties were found in the current literature.

12.7. Other adverse effects

No evidence of ozone depleting properties were found in the current literature.

SECTION 13 Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Product / Packaging disposal	Dispose of waste according to applicable legislation. Special country-specific regulations may apply. Can be disposed together with household waste in compliance with official regulations in contact with approved waste disposal companies and with authorities in charge. (Only dispose of completely emptied packages.)			
Waste treatment options	Not Available			
Sewage disposal options	Not Available			

SECTION 14 Transport information

Labels Required

Marine Pollutant NO

Land transport (ADR): NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS

14.1.	UN number or ID number	Not Applicable	Not Applicable		
14.2.	UN proper shipping name	Not Applicable	Not Applicable		
14.3.	Transport hazard class(es)	ClassNot ApplicableSubsidiary HazardNot Applicable			
14.4.	Packing group	Not Applicable			
14.5.	Environmental hazard	Not Applicable			
		Hazard identification	(Kemler)	Not Applicable	
		Classification code		Not Applicable	
14.6.	Special precautions	Hazard Label		Not Applicable	
	for user	Special provisions		Not Applicable	
		Limited quantity		Not Applicable	
	Tunnel Restriction C	ode	Not Applicable		

Air transport (ICAO-IATA / DGR): NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS

14.1. UN number	Not Applicable	
		Continued

14.2. UN proper shipping name	Not Applicable			
	ICAO/IATA Class	CAO/IATA Class Not Applicable		
14.3. Transport hazard class(es)	ICAO / IATA Subsidiary Hazard	Not Applicable	cable	
	ERG Code	Not Applicable		
14.4. Packing group	Not Applicable			
14.5. Environmental hazard	Not Applicable			
	Special provisions		Not Applicable	
	Cargo Only Packing Instructions		Not Applicable	
	Cargo Only Maximum Qty / Pack		Not Applicable	
14.6. Special precautions for user	Passenger and Cargo Packing Instructions		Not Applicable	
	Passenger and Cargo Maximum Qty / Pack		Not Applicable	
	Passenger and Cargo Limited Qu	uantity Packing Instructions	Not Applicable	
	Passenger and Cargo Limited Maximum Qty / Pack		Not Applicable	

Sea transport (IMDG-Code / GGVSee): NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS

14.1. UN number	Not Applicable			
14.2. UN proper shipping name	Not Applicable			
14.3. Transport hazard	14.3. Transport hazard IMDG Class Not Applicable			
class(es)	IMDG Subsidiary Ha	zard Not Applicable		
14.4. Packing group	Not Applicable			
14.5 Environmental hazard	Not Applicable			
	EMS Number	Not Applicable		
14.6. Special precautions for user	Special provisions	Not Applicable		
	Limited Quantities	Not Applicable		
	1			

Inland waterways transport (ADN): NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS

14.1. UN number	Not Applicable		
14.2. UN proper shipping name	Not Applicable		
14.3. Transport hazard class(es)	Not Applicable Not Applicable		
14.4. Packing group	Not Applicable		
14.5. Environmental hazard	Not Applicable		
14.6. Special precautions for user	Classification code	Not Applicable	
	Special provisions	Not Applicable	
	Limited quantity	Not Applicable	
	Equipment required	Not Applicable	
	Fire cones number	Not Applicable	

14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

14.7.1. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC code

Not Applicable

14.7.2. Transport in bulk in accordance with MARPOL Annex V and the IMSBC Code

	Product name	Group
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14.7.3. Transport in bulk in accordance with the IGC Code

Product name	Ship Type

SECTION 15 Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations / legislation specific for the substance or mixture

This safety data sheet is in compliance with the following EU legislation and its adaptations - as far as applicable - : Directives 98/24/EC, - 92/85/EEC, - 94/33/EC, - 2008/98/EC, - 2010/75/EU; Commission Regulation (EU) 2020/878; Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 as updated through ATPs.

Information according to 2012/18/EU (Seveso III):

Seveso Category	Not Available

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for this substance/mixture by the supplier.

National Inventory Status

National Inventory	Status	
Australia - AIIC / Australia Non-Industrial Use	Not Available	
Canada - DSL	Not Available	
Canada - NDSL	Not Available	
China - IECSC	Not Available	
Europe - EINEC / ELINCS / NLP	Not Available	
Japan - ENCS	Not Available	
Korea - KECI	Not Available	
New Zealand - NZIoC	Not Available	
Philippines - PICCS	Not Available	
USA - TSCA	Not Available	
Taiwan - TCSI	Not Available	
Mexico - INSQ	Not Available	
Vietnam - NCI	Not Available	
Russia - FBEPH	Not Available	
Legend:	Yes = All CAS declared ingredients are on the inventory No = One or more of the CAS listed ingredients are not on the inventory. These ingredients may be exempt or will require registration.	

SECTION 16 Other information

Revision Date	11/08/2023
Initial Date	11/02/2022

Full text Risk and Hazard codes

Other information

Classification of the preparation and its individual components has drawn on official and authoritative sources as well as independent review by the Chemwatch Classification committee using available literature references.

The SDS is a Hazard Communication tool and should be used to assist in the Risk Assessment. Many factors determine whether the reported Hazards are Risks in the workplace or other settings. Risks may be determined by reference to Exposures Scenarios. Scale of use, frequency of use and current or available engineering controls must be considered.

For detailed advice on Personal Protective Equipment, refer to the following EU CEN Standards:

EN 166 Personal eye-protection

EN 340 Protective clothing

EN 374 Protective gloves against chemicals and micro-organisms

EN 13832 Footwear protecting against chemicals

EN 133 Respiratory protective devices

Definitions and abbreviations

- PC TWA: Permissible Concentration-Time Weighted Average
- PC STEL: Permissible Concentration-Short Term Exposure Limit
- IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer
- ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists
- STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit
- ▶ TEEL: Temporary Emergency Exposure Limit。
- IDLH: Immediately Dangerous to Life or Health Concentrations
- ES: Exposure Standard
- OSF: Odour Safety Factor
- NOAEL: No Observed Adverse Effect Level
- LOAEL: Lowest Observed Adverse Effect Level
- TLV: Threshold Limit Value
- LOD: Limit Of Detection
- OTV: Odour Threshold Value
- BCF: BioConcentration Factors
- BEI: Biological Exposure Index
- DNEL: Derived No-Effect Level
- PNEC: Predicted no-effect concentration
- AIIC: Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals
- DSL: Domestic Substances List
- NDSL: Non-Domestic Substances List
- IECSC: Inventory of Existing Chemical Substance in China
- EINECS: European INventory of Existing Commercial chemical Substances
- ELINCS: European List of Notified Chemical Substances
- NLP: No-Longer Polymers
- ENCS: Existing and New Chemical Substances Inventory
- KECI: Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory
- NZIoC: New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals
- ▶ PICCS: Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances
- TSCA: Toxic Substances Control Act
- TCSI: Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory
- INSQ: Inventario Nacional de Sustancias Químicas
- NCI: National Chemical Inventory
- ▶ FBEPH: Russian Register of Potentially Hazardous Chemical and Biological Substances

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