# **SAFETY DATA SHEETS**

# This SDS packet was issued with item:

076649305

The safety data sheets (SDS) in this packet apply to one or more components included in the items listed below. Items listed below may require one or more SDS. Please refer to invoice for specific item number(s).

076649313



# Safety Data Sheet

Safety Data Sheet (in compliance with Regulation (EC) 1907/2006, Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 and Regulation (EC) 453/2010)

Date Issued: 08 March 2012 Document Number: 0021520MS Date Revised: 19 September 2012

Revision Number: 2

## 1. PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION

Trade Name (as labeled): ReSURGE<sup>TM</sup> Instrument Cleaning Solution

Chemical Name/Classification: Mixture

**Product Identifier (Part/Item Number):** 21520, 21521

U.N. Number: None
U.N. Dangerous Goods Classification: None

**Recommended Use:**Instrument Cleaning Solution **Restrictions on Use:**For professional use only

Manufacturer/Supplier Name: Sultan Healthcare

**Manufacturer/Supplier Address:** 411 Hackensack Avenue, 9<sup>th</sup> Floor

Hackensack, NJ

**Manufacturer/Supplier Telephone Number:** 1-201-871-1232 or 800-637-8582 (Product Information)

**Emergency Contact Telephone Number:** 800-535-5053 (INFOTRAC)

1-352-323-3500 (Outside the United States -Call Collect)

Email address: <a href="mailto:customer.service@sultanhc.com">customer.service@sultanhc.com</a>

## 2. HAZARD(s) IDENTIFICATION

EU Classification (1999/45/EC as amended): Xi, R37/38, R41.

**EU Labeling:** 

Contains Protease (Subtilisins), Ethanolamine



Irritant

R37/38 Irritating to respiratory system and skin.

R41 Risk of serious damage to eyes. S1/2 Keep locked up and out of reach of children.

S22 Do not breathe dust

S24 Avoid contact with skin.

S26 In case of contact with eyes, rinse immediately with plenty of water and seek medical advice.

**US Hazard Classification:** Hazardous

## 3. COMPOSITION AND INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Hazardous Components	C.A.S. # EC#	IUPAC Name	Substance Classification 67/548/EEC (EC) No 1272/2008	WT %
Ethanolamine	141-43-5 /	2-aminoethanol	C, R34	1 - 5
	205-483-3		Skin Corr. 1B: H314	
			Eye Dam. 1; H318	
			STOT SE 3: H335	
			Acute Tox 4 Dermal: H312	
			Acute Tox 4 Oral: H302	
			Acute Tox 4 Inhalation: H332	
Ethoxylated Alcohol	68439-46-3 /	Not Established	Xn, R22, R41	1-5
Surfactant	None		Eye Dam. 1: H318	
			Acute Tox 4 Oral: H302	
Glycerine	56-81-5 / 200-289-5	propane-1,2,3-triol	Not classified as hazardous	1-5
Protease (Subtilisins)	9014-01-1 /	Subtilisin A Substrate	Xn, Xi R37/38, R41, R42	0.1-<1
	232-752-2		STOT SE 3; H335	
			Skin Irrit. 2; H315	
			Eye Dam. 1; H318	
			Resp. Sens. 1; H334	

Refer to Section 16 for the full text of the EU Classifications and R Phrases.

## 4. FIRST-AID MEASURES

Routes of Exposure	First Aid Instructions
Eye	Immediately flush eyes with large quantities of water for at least 15 minutes, holding the eyelids apart. Get immediate medical attention.
Skin	Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water. Get medical attention if irritation develops.
Inhalation	Remove patient to fresh air. Get immediate medical attention.
Ingestion	Do not induce vomiting. Rinse mouth with water and give one glass of water to drink. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious or convulsing person. Get medical attention.

Most important symptoms of exposure	May cause eye damage. Contact may cause skin, and respiratory irritation.
Other	None known.
Note to Dhygieiang (Tr	weatment Testing and Manitaging). Treatment of everywagure should be directed at the control

**Note to Physicians (Treatment, Testing, and Monitoring):** Treatment of overexposure should be directed at the control of symptoms and clinical conditions.

## 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable Extinguishing Media	a: Use media appropriate f	Use media appropriate for surrounding fire.		
Fire Fighting Procedures:	Cool fire exposed contain	Cool fire exposed containers and structures with water.		
Specific Hazards Arising from the Chemical:	M None known.	None known.		
Precautions for Fire Fighters		Firefighters should wear positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing for all fires involving chemicals.		
	Recommended Protective Equipment for Fire Fighters:			
EYES/FACE	SKIN	SKIN RESPRIATORY THERMAL		
			The state of the s	

## 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal Precautions, PPE and Emergency Procedures: Wear appropriate protective clothing; gloves and eye protection.

**Environmental Precautions:** Prevent spill from entering sewers and water courses. Report releases as required by local and federal authorities.

Methods and Materials for Containment and Clean-up: Collect using an inert absorbent material and place in appropriate containers for disposal.

Recommen	Recommended Personal Protective Equipment for Containment and Clean-up:				
EYES/FACE	SKIN	RESPRIATORY	THERMAL		

#### 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

**Precautions for Safe Handing:** Avoid contact with the eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing vapors or mists. Wear appropriate protective clothing and equipment. Use with adequate ventilation. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling. Keep containers closed when not in use.

**Conditions for Safe Storage:** Store in a cool, dry, well ventilated area away from incompatible materials, heat, and light. Store below 32°C (90°F). Protect from physical damage.

## 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Occupational Exposure Limits:		
Ethanolamine	United States	3 ppm TWA US OSHA PEL
		3 ppm TWA ACGIH TLV, 6 ppm STEL
	Germany	2 ppm TWA DFG MAK, 4 ppm STEL
	United Kingdom	1 ppm TWA UK OEL, 3 ppm STEL
	France	1 ppm TWA INRS VLCT, 3 ppm STEL
	Spain	400 ppm TWA VLA-ED, 500 ppm VAL-EC
	Italy	None Established
	European Union	1 ppm TWA EU OEL, 3 ppm STEL
Ethoxylated Alcohol Surfactant	United States	None Established
-	Germany	None Established
	United Kingdom	None Established
	France	None Established
	Spain	None Established
	Italy	None Established
	European Union	None Established
Glycerin	United States	5 mg/m3 TWA US OSHA PEL (respirable fraction)
		10 mg/m3 TWA ACGIH TLV
	Germany	50 mg/m3 DFG MAK (inhalable)
	United Kingdom	10 mg/m3 TWA UK WEL
	France	10 mg/m3 INRS VME
	Spain	10 mg/m3 TWA VLA-ED
	Italy	None Established
	European Union	None Established
Protease (Subtilisins)	United States	0.00006 mg/m3 TWA ACGIH TLV Ceiling
	Germany	None Established
	United Kingdom	0.00004 mg/m3 TWA UK OEL
	France	None Established
	Spain	0.00006 mg/m3 VLA-EC
	Italy	None Established
	European Union	None Established

Biological Exposure Limits: None Established

**Appropriate Engineering Controls:** Use with adequate general or local exhaust ventilation to maintain exposure levels below the occupational exposure limits.

## **Individual Protection Measures (PPE)**

Specific Eye/face Protection: Wear chemical safety goggles.

Specific Skin Protection: Wear impervious gloves such as rubber. Recommended glove: Rubber gloves. Consult

glove supplier for thickness and breakthrough times.

**Specific Respiratory Protection:** None required under normal use conditions.

Specific Thermal Hazards: Not applicable

Recommended Fersonal Frotective Equipment				
EYES/FACE	SKIN	RESPRIATORY	THERMAL	

**Environmental Exposure Controls:** None required for normal use.

**General Hygiene Considerations and Work Practices:** Avoid contact with the eyes, skin and clothing. Use with adequate ventilation. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling. Eye wash facilities should be available in the work area.

**Protective Measures During Repair and Maintenance of Contaminated Equipment:** Wear protective clothing and equipment as described in Section 8. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling.

## 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance:	Slightly hazy, yellow to amber colored liquid	Explosive limits:	Not applicable
Odor:	Floral	Vapor pressure:	Not available
Odor threshold:	Not available	Vapor density:	Not available
рН:	7.0 – 9.0	Relative density:	1.0563
Melting/freezing point:	Not available	Solubility:	Complete
Initial boiling point and range:	Not available	Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water:	Not available
Flash point:	Not applicable	Auto-ignition temperature:	Not available
Evaporation rate:	Not available	Decomposition temperature:	Not available
Flammability:	Not flammable	Viscosity:	Not available
Explosive Properties:	None	Oxidizing Properties:	None

#### 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity: Will not polymerize.

Chemical Stability: Stable.

Possibility of Hazardous Reactions: None known.

Conditions to Avoid: Avoid high temperatures, and light.

**Incompatible materials:** Avoid strong oxidizing agents.

**Hazardous Decomposition Products:** Thermal decomposition may produce carbon oxides.

#### 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

#### **Potential Health Effects:**

Eyes: Causes severe eye irritation with possible damage.

Skin: Skin contact may cause irritation. Prolonged or repeated contact may cause an allergic reaction.

<u>Ingestion:</u> Swallowing may cause upset to gastrointestinal tract.

<u>Inhalation:</u> Inhalation of mists may cause upper respiratory tract irritation. Symptoms include shortness of breath, wheezing or labored cough.

<u>Chronic Health Effects:</u> Prolonged exposure to ethanolamine may cause liver and kidney damage based on animal data. The major effects in animals exposed to 12-26 ppm ethanolamine were skin irritation and lethargy. Skin irritation was also observed in animals exposed to 5-6 ppm ethanolamine for 40-60 days.

<u>Carcinogenicity:</u> None of the components are listed as a carcinogen by IARC, NTP, OSHA, ACGIH or the EU Substances Directive.

Mutagenicity: Glycerin: Negative in AMES test, in vitro sister chromatid exchange and unscheduled DNA synthesis.

**Medical Conditions Aggravated by Exposure:** Employees with pre-existing respiratory disorders may be at increased risk from exposure.

#### **Acute Toxicity Data:**

Product: Oral Rat LD50 >2000 mg/kg

Ethanolamine: Oral rat LD50 1,720 mg/kg, Skin rabbit LD50 1,000 mg/kg

Ethoxylated Alcohol Surfactant: Oral rat LD50 >2000 mg/kg, Skin rabbit LD50 1378 mg/kg

Glycerin: Oral Rat LD50 >12,600 mg/kg Subtilisin: Oral rat LD50 3,700 mg/kg

**Reproductive Toxicity Data:** Glycerin: No effects were observed in a 2 generation study at doses of 0.2 mg/kg/day. No developmental effects were observed in rabbits administered up to 1,180 mg/kg or in rats or mice administered up to 1,310 mg/kg.

#### **Specific Target Organ Toxicity (STOT):**

<u>Single Exposure</u>: Ethanolamine: Symptoms associated with ethanolamines in humans include increased blood pressure, diuresis, salivation, and pupillary dilation. Large doses produce sedation, coma, and death following depression of blood pressure and cardiac collapse. Rats, mice, rabbits, and guinea pigs exposed at high concentrations developed pulmonary, hepatic, and renal lesions.

<u>Repeated Exposure</u>: Ethanolamine: There was a decrease in the albumin-globulin ratio and a decrease in hemoglobin and hematocrit values in dogs exposed to 102 ppm ethanolamine. These findings correlate with the kidney and liver damage caused by ethanolamine and indicate that red blood cell formation may also have been suppressed.

## 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

#### **Toxicity:**

Ethanolamine: 96 hr LC50 Oncorhynchus mykiss (Rainbow trout) 150mg/L

Glycerin: 96 hr LC50 Oncorhynchus mykiss (Rainbow trout) 54,000 mg/L, 48 hr EC50 daphnia magna 10,000 mg/L

**Persistence and Degradability:** Ethanolamine: Reached 49.2% (nitrogen dioxide end product) and 93.6% (ammonia end product) of its theoretical BOD in 2 weeks using an activated sludge inoculum Subtilisin: Readily biodegradable.

Glycerin: Readily biodegradable (63% after 14 days).

Bio-accumulative Potential: Ethanolamine: BCF 3

**Mobility in Soil:** Ethanolamine: Is expected to have very high mobility in soil. However, this compound will primarily exist as a cation in the environment and cations generally adsorb more strongly to soils containing organic carbon and clay than their neutral counterparts.

Glycerin: Very high mobility in soil.

Other Adverse Effects: None know.

Results of PBT/vPvB Assessment: Not applicable

## 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

**Regulations:** Dispose in accordance with local and national environmental regulations.

Properties (Physical/Chemical) Affecting Disposal: None known.

Waste Treatment Recommendations: If permitted by environmental regulations, this product can be discharged into the sanitary sewer.

#### 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

UN-Number	ADR/RID: None	IMDG: None	IATA: None	DOT: None
UN proper shipping name	ADR/RID: Not Regulated IMDG: Not Regulated IATA: Not Regulated DOT: Not Regulated			
Transport hazard class(es)	ADR/RID: None	IMDG: None	IATA: None	DOT: None
Packaging group	ADR/RID: None	IMDG: None	IATA: None	DOT: None

	ADR/RID: No	IMDG Marine	IATA: No	DOT: No
Environmental hazards		pollutant: No		

Special precautions for user: Not applicable

## 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

#### **U.S. Federal Regulations**

Comprehensive Environmental Response and Liability Act of 1980 (CERCLA): None

**Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA):** This product is a medical device and not subject to chemical notification requirements.

**OSHA Hazard Classification:** Irritant, Target organ effect, Sensitizer

Clean Water Act (CWA): Not Listed Clean Air Act (CAA): Not Listed

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act (SARA) Title III Information:

SARA Section 311/312 (40 CFR 370) Hazard Categories:

Immediate Hazard:	Yes	Pressure Hazard:	No
Delayed Hazard:	Yes	Reactivity Hazard:	No
Fire Hazard:	No		

This product contains the following toxic chemical(s) subject to reporting requirements of SARA Section 313 (40 CFR 372):

Components	C.A.S. #	WT %
None		

#### **State Regulations**

**California:** This product contains the following chemicals(s) known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects or reproductive harm:

Components	C.A.S. #	WT %
None		

#### **International Regulations**

**Canadian Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System (WHMIS):** Class D - Division 2 - Subdivision B - (Toxic material causing other chronic effects.)

**EU REACH:** The substances in this product comply with the EU REACH regulation as applicable.

#### 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Full text of Classification abbreviations used in Section 2 and 3:

C Corrosive

Xi Irritant

Xn Harmful

R22 Harmful if swallowed

R34 Causes burns

R37/38 Irritating to respiratory system and skin.

R41 Risk of serious damage to eyes.

R42 May cause sensitization by inhalation.

Acute Tox 4 (Dermal) Acute Toxicity Category 4 (Dermal)

Acute Tox 4 (Inhalation) Acute Toxicity Category 4 (Inhalation)

Acute Tox 4 (Oral) Acute Toxicity Category 4 (Oral)

Skin Corr. 1 Skin Corrosive Category 1

Skin Irrit. 2 Skin Irritation Category 2

Eye Dam 1 Eye Damage Category 1

Resp. Sens. 1 Respiratory Sensitization Category 1

STOT SE 3 Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Single Exposure) Category 3

H302 Harmful if swallowed

H312 Harmful in contact with skin

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H318 Causes serious eye damage.

H332 Harmful if inhaled

H334 May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.

H335 May cause respiratory irritation.

Date of SDS Preparation/Revision: 19 September 2012

Data Sources: US NLM ChemID Plus and HSDB, Substance SDS for components, IUCLID Dataset EU Chemical Bureau, ESIS, Country websites for occupational exposure limits.



# Safety Data Sheet

Safety Data Sheet (in compliance with Regulation (EC) 1907/2006, Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 and Regulation (EC) 453/2010)

Date Issued: 08 March 2012 Document Number: 0021520MS Date Revised: 12 December 2017 Revision Number: 4

# 1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

1.1 Product Identifier:

Trade Name (as labeled): ReSURGE<sup>TM</sup> Instrument Cleaning Solution

Part/Item Number: 21520, 21521

1.2 Relevant Identified Uses of the Substance or Mixture and Uses Advised Against:

Recommended Use: Instrument Cleaning Solution Restrictions on Use: For professional use only

1.3 Details of the Supplier of the Safety Data Sheet:

Manufacturer/Supplier Name:

Manufacturer/Supplier Address:

1301 Smile Way
York, PA, USA

Manufacturer/Supplier Telephone Number: 1-201-871-1232 or 800-637-8582

(Product Information)-

Email address: <a href="mailto:customer.service@sultanhc.com">customer.service@sultanhc.com</a>

1.4 Emergency Telephone Number:

Emergency Contact Telephone Number: 800-535-5053 (INFOTRAC)

1-352-323-3500

(Outside the United States – Call Collect)

## 2. HAZARD(s) IDENTIFICATION

## 2.1 Classification of the Substance or Mixture:

#### **GHS SDS Classification:**

Health	Environmental	Physical
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	Not hazardous	Not hazardous
Skin Irritation Category 2		
Respiratory Sensitization Category 1		

EU Classification (1999/45/EC as amended): Irritant (Xi)

**EU Risk (R) Phrases:** Xi, R36/R37/38

Refer to Section 16 for the full text of the EU Classifications and R Phrases.

## **2.2 Labeling Elements:** Contains Protease (Subtilisins)





## Signal Word: Danger!

Hazard Statements	Precautionary Statements
H315 Causes skin irritation.	P261 Avoid breathing mist, vapors or spray.
H319 Causes serious eye irritation.	P264 Wash thoroughly after handling.
H334 May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing	P280 Wear protective gloves and eye protection.
difficulties if inhaled.	P284 In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory
	protection.
	P302 + P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and
	water.
	P332 + P313 If skin irritation occurs: Get medical attention.
	P362 + P364 Take off contaminated clothing and wash it
	before reuse.
	P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with
	water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present
	and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
	P337 + P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical attention.
	P304 + P340 IF INHALED: remove person to fresh air and
	keep comfortable for breathing.
	P342 + P311 If experiencing respiratory symptoms: Call a
	POISON CENTER or doctor.
	P501 Dispose of contents and container in accordance with
	local and national regulations.

## 2.3 Other Hazards: None

# 3. COMPOSITION AND INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

## 3.2 Mixture

Hazardous Components	C.A.S. #	IUPAC Name	CLP/GHS / EU	WT %
	EC#		Classification	
			(1272/2008) (1999/45/EC)	

Ethanolamine	141-43-5 / 205-483-3	2-aminoethanol	C, Xn R20/21/22, R34 Skin Corr. 1B: H314 Eye Dam. 1; H318 STOT SE 3: H335 Acute Tox 4 Dermal: H312 Acute Tox 4 Oral: H302	1 - <5
			Acute Tox 4 Inhalation: H332	
Ethoxylated Alcohol Surfactant	68439-46-3 / None	Not Established	Xn, R22, R41 Eye Dam. 1: H318 Acute Tox 4 H302	1-5
Glycerine	56-81-5 / 200-289-5	propane-1,2,3- triol	Not classified as hazardous	1-5
Citric Acid	77-92-9 / 201-069-1	2- hydroxypropane- 1,2,3- tricarboxylic acid	Xi R36 Eye Irrit. 2 H319	1-5
N,N-Dimethyloctadecylamine oxide	2571-88-2 / 219-919-5	N,N- dimethyloctadecy lamine N-oxide	Skin Irrit 2 H315 Eye Irrit H319	1-2
Protease (Subtilisins)	9014-01-1 / 232-752-2	Subtilisin A Substrate	Xn, Xi R37/38, R41, R42 STOT SE 3; H335 Skin Irrit. 2; H315 Eye Dam. 1; H318 Resp. Sens. 1; H334	0.1-<1

The exact concentration is being withheld as a trade secret.

Refer to Section 16 for the full text of the GHS and H phrases and EU Classifications and R Phrases.

## 4. FIRST-AID MEASURES

4.1 Description of	4.1 Description of First Aid Measures:			
Routes of Exposure	First Aid Instructions			
Eye	Immediately flush eyes with large quantities of water for several minutes, holding the eyelids apart. Get medical attention.			
Skin	Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water for several minutes. Get medical attention if irritation develops.			
Inhalation	Remove patient to fresh air. If asthma symptoms or shortness of breath develop, get immediate medical attention.			
Ingestion	Do not induce vomiting. Rinse mouth with water and give one glass of water to drink. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious or convulsing person. Get medical attention.			

## 4.2 Most Important Symptoms and Effects, Both Acute and Delayed:

Contact may cause eye, skin, and respiratory irritation. Inhalation of vapors and mists may cause asthma-like symptoms or difficulty in breathing.

## 4.3 Indication of Any Immediate Medical Attention and Special Treatment Needed:

If asthma symptoms or shortness of breath develop, get immediate medical attention.

**Note to Physicians (Treatment, Testing, and Monitoring)**: Treatment of overexposure should be directed at the control of symptoms and clinical conditions.

## 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

5.1 Extinguishing Media				
Use media appropriate for surrounding fire				
5.2 Special Hazards Arising from	5.2 Special Hazards Arising from the Substance or Mixture:			
None Known				
5.3 Advice for Fire-Fighters:				
Fire Fighting Procedures:	Cool fire exposed containers and structures with water. Combustion may produce carbon and nitrogen oxides.			
Precautions for Fire Fighters:  Firefighters should wear positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing for all fires involving chemicals				

## 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

## 6.1 Personal Precautions, Protective Equipment and Emergency Procedures:

Wear appropriate protective clothing; gloves and eye protection.

#### **6.2 Environmental Precautions:**

Prevent spill from entering sewers and water courses. Report releases as required by local and national authorities.

## 6.3 Methods and Material for Containment and Cleaning up:

Collect using an inert non-combustible absorbent material and place in appropriate containers for disposal.

## **6.4 Reference to Other Sections:**

Refer to Section 8 for Personal Protective Equipment and Section 13 for Disposal information.

### 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

## 7.1 Precautions for Safe Handing:

Avoid contact with the eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing vapors or mists. Wear appropriate protective clothing and equipment. Use with adequate ventilation. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling. Keep containers closed when not in use.

#### 7.2 Conditions for Safe Storage, Including Any Incompatibilities:

Store in a cool, dry, well ventilated area away from incompatible materials, heat, and light. Store below 32°C (90°F). Protect

from physical damage.

**7.3 Specific End Use (s):** For professional use only.

# 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1 Control Para		
Occupational Ex	posure Limits:	
Ethanolamine	United States	3 ppm TWA US OSHA PEL 3 ppm TWA ACGIH TLV, 6 ppm STEL
	Germany	2 ppm TWA DFG MAK, 4 ppm STEL
	United Kingdom	1 ppm TWA UK OEL, 3 ppm STEL
	France	1 ppm TWA INRS VLCT, 3 ppm STEL
	Spain	400 ppm TWA VLA-ED, 500 ppm VAL-EC
	Italy	None Established
	European Union	1 ppm TWA EU OEL, 3 ppm STEL
Ethoxylated Surfactant	Alcohol United States	None Established
	Germany	None Established
	United Kingdom	None Established
	France	None Established
	Spain	None Established
	Italy	None Established
	European Union	None Established
Glycerin	United States	5 mg/m3 TWA US OSHA PEL (respirable fraction) 10 mg/m3 TWA ACGIH TLV
	Germany	50 mg/m3 DFG MAK (inhalable)
	United Kingdom	10 mg/m3 TWA UK WEL
	France	10 mg/m3 INRS VME
	Spain	10 mg/m3 TWA VLA-ED
	Italy	None Established
	European Union	None Established
Subtilisin	United States	0.00006 mg/m3 TWA ACGIH TLV Ceiling
	Germany	None Established
	United Kingdom	0.00004 mg/m3 TWA UK OEL
	France	None Established
	Spain	0.00006 mg/m3 VLA-EC
	Italy	None Established
	European Union	None Established

Biological Exposure Limits: None Established

## 8.2 Exposure Controls:

**Appropriate Engineering Controls:** Use with adequate general or local exhaust ventilation to maintain exposure levels below the occupational exposure limits.

## **Individual Protection Measures (PPE)**

Specific Eye/face Protection: Wear chemical safety goggles.

**Specific Skin Protection:** Wear impervious gloves such as rubber. Consult glove supplier for thickness and breakthrough times.

**Specific Respiratory Protection:** None required under normal use conditions.

Specific Thermal Hazards: Not applicable

## 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1 Information on Basic Physical and Chemical Properties:							
Appearance:	Slightly hazy, colorless to straw colored liquid.	Explosive limits:	Not applicable				
Odor:	Floral	Vapor pressure:	Not available				
Odor threshold:	Not available	Vapor density:	Not available				
рН:	7.5-8.1	Relative density:	1.035				
Melting/freezing point:	Not available	Solubility:	Completely soluble in Water				
Initial boiling point and range:	Not available	Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water:	Not available				
Flash point:	Not applicable	Auto-ignition temperature:	Not available				
Evaporation rate:	Not available	Decomposition temperature:	Not available				
Flammability:	Not flammable	Viscosity:	Not available				
<b>Explosive Properties:</b>	None	Oxidizing Properties:	None				

**9.2 Other Information:** None available

## 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

- 10.1 Reactivity. Will not polymerize
- 10.2 Chemical Stability: Stable.
- **10.3 Possibility of Hazardous Reactions:** None known
- 10.4 Conditions to Avoid: Avoid high temperatures, and light
- **10.5** Incompatible materials: Avoid strong oxidizing agents
- 10.6 Hazardous Decomposition Products: Thermal decomposition may produce carbon and nitrogen oxides.

## 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

#### 11.1 Information on Toxicological Effects:

#### **Potential Health Effects:**

Eyes: Causes severe eye irritation with possible damage.

Skin: Skin contact may cause irritation. Prolonged or repeated contact may cause an allergic reaction.

Ingestion: Swallowing may cause upset to gastrointestinal tract.

<u>Inhalation:</u> Inhalation of mists may cause upper respiratory tract irritation. Symptoms include shortness of breath, wheezing or labored cough.

<u>Chronic Health Effects:</u> Prolonged exposure to ethanolamine may cause liver and kidney damage based on animal data. The major effects in animals exposed to 12-26 ppm ethanolamine were skin irritation and lethargy. Skin irritation was also observed in animals exposed to 5-6 ppm ethanolamine for 40-60 days.

<u>Carcinogenicity:</u> None of the components are listed as a carcinogen by IARC, NTP, OSHA, ACGIH or the EU Substances Directive.

Mutagenicity: Glycerin: Negative in AMES test, in vitro sister chromatid exchange and unscheduled DNA synthesis.

**Medical Conditions Aggravated by Exposure:** Employees with pre-existing respiratory disorders may be at increased risk from exposure.

## **Acute Toxicity Data:**

Product: Oral Rat LD50 > 2000 mg/kg

Ethanolamine: Oral rat LD50 1,720 mg/kg, Skin rabbit LD50 1,000 mg/kg

Ethoxylated Alcohol Surfactant: Oral rat LD50 >2000 mg/kg, Skin rabbit LD50 1378 mg/kg

Glycerin: Oral Rat LD50 >12,600 mg/kg

Citric Acid: Oral rat LD50 11700 mg/kg, Dermal: rat LD50 >2000 mg/kg

N,N-Dimethyloctadecylamine oxide: No toxicity data available

Subtilisin: Oral rat LD50 3,700 mg/kg

**Reproductive Toxicity Data:** Glycerin: No effects were observed in a 2 generation study at doses of 0.2 mg/kg/day. No developmental effects were observed in rabbits administered up to 1,180 mg/kg or in rats or mice administered up to 1,310 mg/kg.

#### **Specific Target Organ Toxicity (STOT):**

<u>Single Exposure</u>: Ethanolamine: Symptoms associated with ethanolamines in humans include increased blood pressure, diuresis, salivation, and pupillary dilation. Large doses produce sedation, coma, and death following depression of blood pressure and cardiac collapse. Rats, mice, rabbits, and guinea pigs exposed at high concentrations developed pulmonary, hepatic, and renal lesions.

<u>Repeated Exposure</u>: Ethanolamine: There was a decrease in the albumin-globulin ratio and a decrease in hemoglobin and hematocrit values in dogs exposed to 102 ppm ethanolamine. These findings correlate with the kidney and liver damage caused by ethanolamine and indicate that red blood cell formation may also have been suppressed.

## 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

#### 12.1 Toxicity:

Ethanolamine: 96 hr LC50 Oncorhynchus mykiss (Rainbow trout) 150mg/L

Glycerin: 96 hr LC50 Oncorhynchus mykiss (Rainbow trout) 54,000 mg/L, 48 hr EC50 daphnia magna 10,000 mg/L

Citric Acid: 48 hr LC50 Golden orfe: 440 mg/L, 24 hr EC50 daphnia magna 1535 mg/L

#### 12.2 Persistence and Degradability.

Ethanolamine: Reached 49.2% (nitrogen dioxide end product) and 93.6% (ammonia end product) of its theoretical BOD in 2 weeks using an activated sludge inoculum Subtilisin: Readily biodegradable.

Glycerin: Readily biodegradable (63% after 14 days).

**12.3 Bio-accumulative Potential:** Ethanolamine: BCF 3

#### 12.4 Mobility in Soil:

Ethanolamine: Is expected to have very high mobility in soil. However, this compound will primarily exist as a cation in the environment and cations generally adsorb more strongly to soils containing organic carbon and clay than their neutral counterparts.

Glycerin: Very high mobility in soil.

**12.5 Other Adverse Effects:** None known

**12.6 Results of PBT/vPvB Assessment:** Not applicable

#### 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

## 13.1 Waste Treatment Methods:

**Regulations:** Dispose in accordance with local and national environmental regulations.

**Properties** (Physical/Chemical) Affecting Disposal: None known.

**Waste Treatment Recommendations:** If permitted by environmental regulations, this product can be discharged into the sanitary sewer.

## 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

14.1	UN	14.2 UN Proper Shipping Name	14.3	14.4 Packing	14.5	Environmental
Numbe	er		Hazard	Group	Haza	rds
			Class(s)			

DOT	None	Not Regulated	None	None	No
ADR/RID	None	Not Regulated	None	None	No
IMDG	None	Not Regulated	None	None	Marine Pollutant-No
IATA/ICAO	None	Not Regulated	None	None	No

14.6 Special precautions for user: Not applicable

**14.7 Transport in Bulk According to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code:** Not applicable – product is transported only in packaged form.

## 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

## 15.1 Safety, Health and Environmental Regulations/Legislation Specific for the Substance or Mixture:

#### **U.S. Federal Regulations**

Comprehensive Environmental Response and Liability Act of 1980 (CERCLA: None

**Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA.** This product is a medical device and not subject to chemical notification requirements.

Clean Water Act (CWA): Not Listed

Clean Air Act (CAA): Not Listed

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act (SARA) Title III Information:

SARA Section 311/312 (40 CFR 370) Hazard Categories:

Immediate Hazard:	Yes	Pressure Hazard:	No
Delayed Hazard:	Yes	Reactivity Hazard:	No
Fire Hazard:	No		

This product contains the following toxic chemical(s) subject to reporting requirements of SARA Section 313 (40 CFR 372):

Components	C.A.S. #	WT %
None		

#### **State Regulations**

**California:** This product contains the following chemicals(s) known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects or reproductive harm:

Components	C.A.S. #	WT %
None		

#### **International Regulations**

**Canadian Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System (WHMIS):** Class D - Division 2 - Subdivision B - (Toxic material causing other chronic effects.)

**EU REACH:** The substances in this product comply with the EU REACH regulation as applicable.

#### 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Full text of Classification abbreviations used in Section 2 and 3:

C Corrosive

Xi Irritant

Xn Harmful

R22 Harmful if swallowed

R34 Causes burns

R37/38 Irritating to respiratory system and skin.

R41 Risk of serious damage to eyes.

R42 May cause sensitization by inhalation.

Acute Tox 4 (Dermal) Acute Toxicity Category 4 (Dermal)

Acute Tox 4 (Inhalation) Acute Toxicity Category 4 (Inhalation)

Acute Tox 4 (Oral) Acute Toxicity Category 4 (Oral)

Skin Corr. 1 Skin Corrosive Category 1

Skin Irrit. 2 Skin Irritation Category 2

Eye Dam 1 Eye Damage Category 1

Eye Irrit 2 Eye Irritation Category 2

Resp. Sens. 1 Respiratory Sensitization Category 1

STOT SE 3 Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Single Exposure) Category 3

H302 Harmful if swallowed

H312 Harmful in contact with skin

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H318 Causes serious eye damage.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H332 Harmful if inhaled

H334 May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.

H335 May cause respiratory irritation.

Supersedes: 04 September, 2014

Revision Summary: Periodic review, removed PPE icons.

Date of SDS Preparation/Revision: 17 December 2017

Data Sources: US NLM ChemID Plus and HSDB, Substance SDS for components, IUCLID Dataset EU Chemical Bureau

ESIS, Country websites for occupational exposure limits.