SAFETY DATA SHEETS

This SDS packet was issued with item:

075356167

The safety data sheets (SDS) in this packet apply to the individual products listed below. Please refer to invoice for specific item number(s).

075356027 075356035 075356043 075356357 075356365 075356399 075356449

The safety data sheets (SDS) in this packet apply to one or more components included in the items listed below. Items listed below may require one or more SDS. Please refer to invoice for specific item number(s).

070621029 075356001 075356019 075356159 075356373 075356381 075356423 075356431 075356456 075356464



Material Safety Data Sheet DIAMOND D HEAT CURE MONOMER Page 1 of 6

Section I - Product and Company Identification

Product Name:	DIAMON	D D HEAT CURE MONOMER	AT CURE MONOMER MSDS# NKM080503-D			0503-DDM
Chemical Name:	NA	Initial MSDS	MSDS Prepared			
		Approval Date:	8/06/2003		by:	BSQ

Family: Acrylic Monomers

Manufacturer: Keystone Industries 616 Hollywood Ave, Cherry Hill, NJ 08002 Emergency Phone Numbers: (800) 535-5053 Information Contacts: (856) 663-4700

Product Use: Dental Monomer **Formula:** Proprietary Formulation

Section II – Composition/Information on Ingredients

Chemical Identity	CAS Numbers	EINECS#	INCI Name	Exposure	Limits	Carcinogen	%
				OSHA TWA/STEL	ACGIH TWA/STEL	IARC/NTP/OSHA	
Methyl Methacrylate	80-62-6	201-297-1	Methyl methacrylate	100 ppm	50 ppm/100 ppm	Group 3/no/no	>90
Ethylene Glycol Dimethacrylate	97-90-5	202-617-2	N/DA	N/E	N/E	Not Listed	<10
Inhibitor (MEHQ)	150-76-5	205-769-8	p-Hydroxyanisole	N/E	5 mg/m^3	Not Listed	<1
N/E - None Established	N/DA - No Data	Available					
N/R - Not Reviewed	N/A - Not Applic	able					

Hazard Symbols: Xi F Risk Phrases: R11, R36/37/38, R43

Safety Phrases: S9, S16, S29, S33, S36/37/39, S45

Section III - Hazards Identification

EMERGENCY OVERVIEW

	This information is based on findings from related or similar materials.					
•	Danger! Flammable liquid and vapor.	• May cause allergic skin reaction.				
•	Known Sensitizer.	• Light and Air sensitive.				
•	May cause eye irritation.	• Target Organs: Kidneys, central nervous system, liver.				
•	May cause respiratory tract irritation.	•				

Potential Health Effects, Signs and Symptoms of Exposure:

Primary Route of Entry Eye	Inhalation, skin, eyes Vapor concentrations may cause irritation of eyes. Liquid contact with eyes can cause irritation and possible corneal damage.
Skin	Liquid concentration may cause severe skin irritation. Repeated or prolonged contact may cause allergic skin rashes, itching and swelling which becomes evident on re-exposure to this product.
Ingestion	May cause central nervous system depression, kidney damage, and liver damage. May cause irritation, a burning sensation of the mouth, throat, respiratory tract, and abdominal pain.
Inhalation	High vapor concentrations may irritate the respiratory system. Prolonged exposure can lead to headaches, nausea, drowsiness, unconsciousness, and coma.
Sub-Chronic Effects	Prolonged or repated skin contact may cause sensitization dermatitis and possible destruction and/or ulceration. May cause reproductive and fetal effects. Repeated exposure may cause tingling in the extremitites and other nervous system abnormalities.
NOTE: Refer to Section 1	1, Toxicological Information for Details

Section IV - First Aid Measures

First Aid for Eye Immediately flush eyes with water for 15 minutes, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Get medical help if discomfort persists.



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First Aid for Skin	Wash thoroughly with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing. Get medical help if discomfort persists. Wash clothing before use.
First Aid for Inhalation	Remove to fresh air. If having breathing difficulty, give oxygen. If breathing has stopped, give artificial respiration. Get medical help if discomfort persists.
First Aid for Ingestion	Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Get medial aid. Do NOT induce vomiting. If conscious and alert, rinse mouth and drink 2 to 4 cupfuls of milk or water.

Section V - Fire Fighting Measures

Flash Point	Flammable Limit	Auto-ignition Temperature
(°F/°C)	(vol%)	(vol%)
Tag Closed Cup: 68°F/20°C	LEL: 2.0% UEL: 12.5%	790°F/421°C

Method:	
Extinguishing Media:	Foam, Carbon Dioxide, Dry Chemical.
Fire Fighting Instructions:	Wear self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective gear. Water may be ineffective unless used as a fine spray or fog. Use water spray to cool the exposed containers of methacrylate monomer.
Unusual Hazards:	Vapors may travel to source of ignition and flash back. Avoid ignition sources or excessive temperatures .Heat can induce polymerization with rapid release of energy. Closed containers may rupture explosively. Spontaneous polymerization may occur on prolonged aging.

Section VI - Accidental Release Measures

Spill or Release Procedures

Eliminate all sources of heat and ignition. Use absorbent material for spills and dike it, wash spill material into retaining containers. Place containers in a well ventilated area. Consult an expert on disposal of recovered material and ensure conformity to local disposal regulations. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Contain and recover liquid when possible. Use non-sparking tools and equipment. Collect liquid in an appropriate container or absorb with an inert material (e. g., vermiculite, dry sand, earth), and place in a chemical waste container. Do not use combustible materials, such as sawdust. Do not flush to sewer! US Regulations (CERCLA) require reporting spills and releases to soil, water and air in excess of reportable quantities. The toll free number for the US Coast Guard National Response Center is (800) 424-8802. If a leak or spill has not ignited, use water spray to disperse the vapors, to protect personnel attempting to stop leak, and to flush spills away from exposures.

Section VII - Handling and Storage

Handling	Keep away from heat, sparks, flames and other sources of ignition. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Use with adequate ventilation. Ground all metal containers when transferring and use explosion-proof equipment. Follow all MSDS/label precautions even after the container is emptied because it may retain product residues. Wash thoroughly after handling.
Storage	Store in a cool, dry area. Keep container closed when not in use. Store at ambient temperatures out of direct sunlight. Store in a well ventilated place. Store in accordance with National Fire Protection Association recommendations. Maintain air space inside storage containers. Inhibitor requires air (oxygen) contact to function. Check inhibitor levels after 3 months and return to original level.
Explosion Hazard	Avoid ignition sources or excessive temperatures. Heat can induce polymerization with rapid release of energy. Closed containers may rupture explosively. Spontaneous polymerization may occur on prolonged aging.

Section VIII - Exposure Controls / Personal Protective Equipment

Engineering Controls Facilities storing or ultilizing this material should be equipped with an eye facility and safety shower. Use process enclosures local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to control airborne levels





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below recommended exposure limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment. Methyl methacrylate: IDLH = 1000 ppm via NIOSH standards.

Personal Protective Equipment

General	To identify additional Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) requirements, it is recommended that a hazard assessment in accordance with the OSHA PPE Standard (29CFR1910.132), or European Standard EN166 be conducted before using this product. Provide eye wash stations and safety showers. Wear impervious clothing to prevent ANY contact with this product, such as gloves, apron, boots, or whole body suit. Nitrile rubber is better than PVC.
Eye/ Face Protection	Wear safety glasses. Wear coverall chemical splash goggles and face shield when possibility exists for eye and face contact due to splashing or spraying material.
Skin Protection	Use impermeable clothing to prevent ANY contact with this product, such as gloves, apron, boots, or whole body suit. Nitrile rubber is better than PVC.
Respiratory Protection	A NIOSH/MSHA approved air purifying respirator with an organic vapor cartridge or canister may be permissible under certain limited circumstances where airborne concentrations are expected to exceed exsposure limits. Protection provided by air purifying respirators is limited. Wear a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 149 approved full-facepeice airline respirator in the positive pressure mode with emergency escape provisions. Follow OSHA repsirator regulations found in 29 CFR 1910.134 or European Standard EN 149.

Section IX - Physical and Chemical Properties

Appearan	ce Odo	or & Odor Threshol	d _P H	Specific	Gravity	Viscosity		% Volatile
Clear, colorless l	rless liquid Characteristic strong, acrid odor N/A (H20=1): 0.94 N/DA, mPas 0 20°C		N/DA, mPas @ 20°C)	W/W %: 99+			
Boiling Point/ Freezing Point	Decomposition Temperature	Octanol/Water Partitioning Coefficient Log Po/w	Vapor Pressure:	Vapor Density	Evapo Ra		Ignition	Solubility In Water (20°C)
214°F/101°C N/DA	N/A	N/DA	mm Hg : 29 @ 25℃	(Air =1): 3.45	(Butyl Aceta	ate = 1): 1.45	N/DA	Slightly soluble

Flash Point	Flammable Limit	Auto-ignition Temperature
(° F /° C)	(vol%)	(vol%)
Tag Closed Cup: 68°F/20°C	LEL: 2.0%	790°F/421°C
	UEL: 12.5%	

Incompatibility (Materials to Avoid):

Hazardous Polymerization:

May occur

Reducing and oxidizing agents and UV light.

Section X - Stability and Reactivity

Stability:

Stable **Hazardous Decomposition Products:**

Oxides of carbon when burned.

Conditions to Avoid:

Temperatures above 40°C, oxidizing or reducing agents, peroxides and amines, storage in absence of inhibitor, and inadvertent addition of catalyst. Avoid aging and contamination.

Section XI - Toxicological Information

Acute Oral Toxicity	Acute Dermal To:	xicity	Acute Inhalation Toxicity	Irritation - skin	Irritation - Eye
Oral(Rat) LD50: 7872 mg/kg	Dermal (Rabbit) LD5	50: 9400mg/kg	Inhalation (Rat) LC50 3750ppm	N/DA	N/DA
Sensitization		Mutagenicity	y	Sub-chronic Toxic	city
N/DA		N/DA		N/DA	

N/DA

Section XII - Ecological Information

Ecotoxicological Information

Acute Toxicity	Acute Toxicity	Acute Toxicity	Bioconcentration	Toxicity to Sewage Bacteria
to Fish	to Invertebrates	to Algae		



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96 hour LC50:	N/DA	N/DA	N/DA	N/DA
fathead minnows: 150 ppm				
bluegill sunfish; 232 ppm				

Chemical Fate Information

Biodegradability	N/DA
Chemical Oxygen Demand	N/DA

Section XIII - Disposable Considerations

Dispose of diking materials and absorbent in compliance with State, Local, and Federal regulations. Residual vapors may explode on ignition; do not cut, drill, or weld on or near the container. Mix with compatible chemical which is less flammable and incinerate.

Whatever cannot be saved for recovery or recycling should be handled as hazardous waste and sent to a RCRA approved waste facility. Processing, use or contamination of this product may change the waste management options. State and local disposal regulations may differ from federal disposal regulations. Dispose of container and unused contents in accordance with federal, state and local requirements.

Section XIV - Transport Information

DOT (49 CFR 172)	
Proper Shipping Name:	Flammable liquids, n.o.s., (methyl methacrylate, ethylene glycol dimethacrylate), 3, UN1993, PGII
Identification Number:	UN1993
Marine Pollutant:	No
Special Provisions:	T8, T31
Emergency Response Guidebook (ERG) #:	128
IATA (DGR):	
Proper Shipping Name:	Flammable liquids, n.o.s., (methyl methacrylate, ethylene glycol dimethacrylate), 3, UN1993, PGII
Class or Division:	3
UN or ID Number:	UN1993
Packaging Instructions:	
Emergency Response Guidance (ICAO)#:	3L
IMO (IMDG):	
Proper Shipping Name:	Flammable liquids, n.o.s., (methyl methacrylate, ethylene glycol dimethacrylate), 3, UN1993, PGII
Class or Division:	3.2
UN or ID Number:	UN1993
Special Provisions & Stowage/Segregation:	None
Emergency Schedule (EmS)#:	
Other Information:	Flash point = 20°C

Section XV - Regulatory Information

US Federal Regulations

Clean Air Act: HAP/ODS	 This product contains the following hazardous air pollutants (HAP) as defined by the U.S. Clean Air Act: Methyl methacrylate, CAS# 80-62-6 This product contains no Class 1 or Class 2 ODS.
Clean Water Act: Priority Pollutant/Hazardous Substance	 This product contains the following Hazardous Substances as defined by the CWA: Methyl methacrylate, CAS# 80-62-6 This product does not contain any substances that are a Priority Pollutant or Toxic Pollutant under the CWA.



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FDA: Food Packaging Status	This product has not been cleared by the FDA for use in food packaging and/or other applications as an indirect food additive.
Occupational Safety and Health Act	 This product is considered to be a hazardous chemical under the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard. Its hazards are: Immediate (acute) health hazard Fire hazard Reactive hazard
RCRA	 This product contains chemicals considered to be hazardous waste under RCRA (40 CFR 261): Methyl methacrylate CAS# 80-62-6, RCRA Code U162 Characteristic of Ignitability: RCRA Code: D001
SARA Title III: Section 302 (TPQ)	This product contains no chemicals regulated under Sec. 302 as extremely hazardous substances that carry a TPQ.
SARA Title III: Section 302 (RQ)	 This product contains chemicals regulated under Section 302 as extremely hazardous chemicals for emergency release notification ("CERCLA" List): Methyl methacrylate CAS# 80-62-6, RQ(Lbs): 1000
SARA Title III: Section 311- 312:	 This product is considered hazardous under the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard and is regulated under Section 311-312 (40 CFR 370). Its hazards are: Immediate (acute) health Fire hazard Delayed (chronic) health Reactive hazard
SARA Title III: Section 313:	 This product contains the following substances subject to the reporting requirements of Section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 and 40 CFR Part 372: Methyl methacrylate, CAS# 80-62-6
TSCA Section 8(b): Inventory:	This product contains chemicals that are on the TSCA list.

State Regulations

CA Right-to-Know Law:	Methyl methacrylate, CAS# 80-62-6, 4-Methoxyphenol, CAS# 150-76-5 California No Significant Risk Level: None of the chemicals in this product are listed.
MA Right-to-Know Law:	Methyl methacrylate, CAS# 80-62-6, 4-Methoxyphenol, CAS# 150-76-5
NJ Right-to-Know Law:	Methyl methacrylate, CAS# 80-62-6, 4-Methoxyphenol, CAS# 150-76-5
PA Right-to-Know Law:	Methyl methacrylate, CAS# 80-62-6, 4-Methoxyphenol, CAS# 150-76-5
FL Right-to-Know Law:	Methyl methacrylate, CAS# 80-62-6, 4-Methoxyphenol, CAS# 150-76-5
MN Right-to-Know Law:	Methyl methacrylate, CAS# 80-62-6, 4-Methoxyphenol, CAS# 150-76-5

International Regulations

CDSL: Canadian Inventory (on Canadian Transitional List)	Methyl methacrylate, CAS# 80-62-6 is on the DSL List. WHMIS = B2, D2B. Ethylene glycol dimethacrylate, CAS# 97-90-5 is on the DSL List. WHMIS = n/da 4-Methoxyphenol, CAS# 150-76-5 is on the DSL List. WHMIS = n/da
EINECS: European Inventory:	Diamond D Heat Cure Monomer:
	 HAZARD SYMBOLS: Xi, F: Irritant, Highly Flammable RISK PHRASES: R11: highly flammable, R36/37/38: Irritating to eyes, respiratory system and skin, R43: May cause sensitization by skin contact SAFETY PHRASES: S9: keep container in a well ventilated place, S16: keep away from sources of ignition- no smoking, S29: do not empty into drains, S33: take precautionary measures against static discharges, S36/37/39: wear suitable protective clothing, gloves and eye/face protection, S45: In case of accident or if



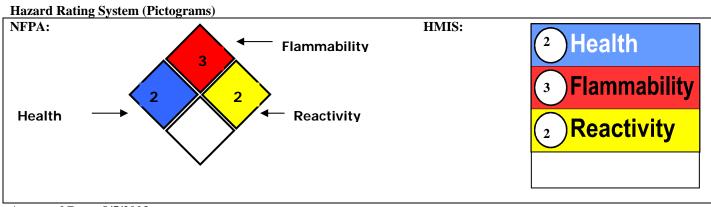
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you feel unwell, seek medical advise immediately (show the label where possible)

Section XVI - Other Information



Approval Date: 8/5/2003 Supersedes Date: Initial Issue

Product Number –various, begins with 1013014	
Revised sections since last version	None. Review performed 2/23/06, no changes made.
	1/25/10 review. No changes made

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SAFETY DATA SHEET

Diamond D Heat Cure Liquid

Section 1. Identification

GHS product identifier	: Diamond D Heat Cure Liquid
Other means of identification	: Not available.
Product code	: 1013014, 1013015, 1013061-072, 1013112-114
Product type	: Liquid.
Product use	: Dental Products Monomer
Relevant identified uses of	of the substance or mixture and uses advised against
Not applicable.	
Supplier's details	: Keystone Industries 616 Hollywood Ave. Cherry Hill, NJ 08002 (856) 663-4700
Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation)	: (800) 535-5053
Section 2. Hazar	rds identification
OSHA/HCS status	: This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Stan

OSHA/HCS status	: This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).
Classification of the substance or mixture	 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2 SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3

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Signal word	: Danger
Hazard statements	 Highly flammable liquid and vapor. Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. May cause respiratory irritation.
Precautionary statements	
Prevention	: Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating, lighting and all material-handling equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Keep container tightly closed. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Avoid breathing vapor. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace.

GHS label elements Hazard pictograms

Section 2. Hazards identification

Response	: IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or physician if you feel unwell. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical attention.
Storage	: Store locked up. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.
Disposal	: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Hazards not otherwise classified	: None known.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture	: Mixture
Other means of identification	: Not available.

CAS number/other identifiers

CAS number

: Not applicable.

May contain one or more of the following components in quantities considered hazardous:

Ingredient name	CAS number	EC number	%
methyl methacrylate	80-62-6		75 - 100
Ethylene glycol dimethacrylate	97-90-5	202-617-2	5 - 10

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact	 Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.
Inhalation	: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Skin contact	: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Ingestion	: Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 9/4/2015 Date of previous issue : 4/15/2015 Version : 1 2/12

Section 4. First aid measures

If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effec	<u>ts</u>
Eye contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Inhalation	: May cause respiratory irritation.
Skin contact	: Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Over-exposure signs/symp	toms
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: redness irritation
Ingestion	: No specific data.
Indication of immediate med	ical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician	 Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Highly flammable liquid and vapor. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. The vapor/gas is heavier than air and will spread along the ground. Vapors may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protec	ve equipment and emergency procedures
For non-emergency personnel	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
Methods and materials for co	tainment and cleaning up
Small spill	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Protective measures	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 9/4/2015 Date of previous issue : 4/15/2015 Version : 1 4/12

Section 7. Handling and storage

Conditions for safe storage,	: Shield UV light sources. Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a
including any	segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight
incompatibilities	in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section
	10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from
	oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use.
	Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to
	prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to
	avoid environmental contamination. Inhibitor requires oxygen to function. Maintain
	proper headspace and re-aerate the product by mixing every 3 months.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name Exposure limits	
Methyl methacrylate	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2015). Skin
	sensitizer.
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
	STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.
	OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989).
	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 410 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013).
	TWA: 100 ppm 10 hours.
	TWA: 410 mg/m ³ 10 hours.
	OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013).
	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 410 mg/m ³ 8 hours.

Appropriate engineering controls	: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any
Controis	recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.
Environmental exposure controls	: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.
Individual protection measure	<u>S</u>
Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.
Skin protection	

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

-	
Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
Other skin protection	: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

<u>Appearance</u>	
Physical state	: Liquid. [Clear.]
Color	: Colorless
Odor	: Characteristic. Acrid. [Strong]
рН	: Not available.
Melting point	: Not available.
Boiling point	: 101°C (213.8°F)
Flash point	: Closed cup: 20°C (68°F) [Tagliabue.]
Evaporation rate	: <1 (butyl acetate = 1)
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	: Lower: 2% Upper: 12.5%
Vapor pressure	: 3.6 kPa (27 mm Hg) [room temperature]
Vapor density	: 3.45 [Air = 1]
Relative density	: 0.95
Solubility	: Partially soluble in the following materials: cold water and hot water.
Solubility in water	: Not available.
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	: 1.38
Auto-ignition temperature	: 395°C (743°F)
Viscosity	: Dynamic (room temperature): <1 mPa·s (<1 cP)

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Hazardous polymerization may occur under certain conditions of storage or use. These could cause the product to polymerize exothermically. Unintentional contact with them should be avoided.

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Conditions to avoid	: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition. Do not allow vapor to accumulate in low or confined areas.
Incompatible materials	: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials
Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acut	te t	oxi	cit	V

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Methyl methacrylate	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	78000 mg/m ³	4 hours
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	7872 mg/kg	-
Ethylene glycol dimethacrylate	LD50 Oral	Rat	3300 mg/kg	-

Classification

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
Methyl methacrylate	-	3	-

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	• •	Route of exposure	Target organs
Methyl methacrylate	Category 3		Respiratory tract irritation
Ethylene glycol dimethacrylate	Category 3		Respiratory tract irritation

Information on the likely	: Not available.
routes of exposure	

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Inhalation	: May cause respiratory irritation.
Skin contact	: Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness	
Inhalation	 Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing 	
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: redness irritation	
Ingestion	: No specific data.	
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 9/4/2015 Date of previous issue : 4/15/2015 Ve	rsion :1

Section 11. Toxicological information

Delayed and immediate effect	ts and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure
Short term exposure	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Long term exposure	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Potential chronic health effe	ects
Not available.	
General	: Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.
Carcinogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Teratogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Developmental effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Fertility effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value
Oral	33000 mg/kg

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity					
Product/ingredient name	Result		Species		Exposure
Methyl methacrylate	Acute LC50 130000) µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas - Adult		96 hours
Bioaccumulative potential	-				
Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF		Potential	
Methyl methacrylate Ethylene glycol dimethacrylate	1.38 1.87			low low	

<u>Mobility in soil</u>	
Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)	: Not available.

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

United States - RCRA Toxic hazardous waste "U" List

Ingredient	CAS #		Reference number
Methyl methacrylate (I,T); 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, methyl ester (I,T)	80-62-6	Listed	U162

Section 14. Transport information

	DOT Classification	TDG Classification	Mexico Classification	ADR/RID	IMDG	IATA
UN number	UN1993	UN1993	UN1993	UN1993	UN1993	UN1993
UN proper shipping name	FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (methyl methacrylate)	FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (methyl methacrylate)	FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (methyl methacrylate)	FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (methyl methacrylate)	FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (methyl methacrylate)	FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S (methyl methacrylate)
Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3	3	3	3
Packing group	11	11	11	11	11	11
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.
Additional information	Reportable quantity 1111.1 lbs / 504.46 kg [140. 28 gal / 531.01 L] Package sizes shipped in quantities less than the product reportable quantity are not subject to the RQ (reportable quantity)	Product classified as per the following sections of the Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations: 2. 18-2.19 (Class 3).	-	<u>Special</u> <u>provisions</u> 640 (C) <u>Tunnel code</u> (D/E)	Emergency schedules (EmS) F-E. S-D	-

Section 14. Transport information

transportation	
requirements.	

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not available. to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Section 15. Regulatory information

J.S. Federal regulations	:	TSCA 8	(a) PAIR : MEI	HQ				
		TSCA 8	ned					
		United S	United States inventory (TSCA 8b): All components are listed or exempted.					
		Clean W	/ater Act (CW	/A) 311: ı	methyl methad	crylate		
Clean Air Act Section 112 (b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)	:	Listed						
Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I Substances	:	Not liste	d					
Clean Air Act Section 602 Class II Substances	:	Not liste	d					
DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor Chemicals)	:	Not liste	d					
DEA List II Chemicals (Essential Chemicals)	;	Not liste	d					
<u>SARA 302/304</u>								
Composition/information	on	ingredier	<u>nts</u>					
No products were found.								
SARA 304 RQ	:	Not appl	icable.					
<u>SARA 311/312</u>								
Classification	:							
Composition/information	on	<u>ingredier</u>	<u>nts</u>					
Name			%	Fire	Sudden	Reactive	Immediate	Delayed (chronic)

Name	%	hazard	Sudden release of pressure	Reactive	Immediate (acute) health hazard	Delayed (chronic) health hazard
Methyl methacrylate	75 - 100	Yes.		No.	Yes.	No.
Ethylene glycol dimethacrylate	5 - 10	No.		No.	Yes.	No.

SARA 313

Date of issue/Date of revision

Section 15. Regulatory information

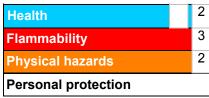
	Product name	CAS number	%
Form R - Reporting requirements	methyl methacrylate	80-62-6	75 - 100
Supplier notification	methyl methacrylate	80-62-6	75 - 100

SARA 313 notifications must not be detached from the SDS and any copying and redistribution of the SDS shall include copying and redistribution of the notice attached to copies of the SDS subsequently redistributed.

	uit	notice attached to copies of the SDS subsequently redistributed.
State regulations		
Massachusetts	4	The following components are listed: METHYL METHACRYLATE
New York	1	The following components are listed: Methyl methacrylate; 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, methyl ester
New Jersey	1	The following components are listed: METHYL METHACRYLATE; 2-PROPENOIC ACID, 2-METHYL-, METHYL ESTER
Pennsylvania	1	The following components are listed: 2-PROPENOIC ACID, 2-METHYL-, METHYL ESTER
Canada inventory	1	All components are listed or exempted.
International regulations		
International lists	:	Australia inventory (AICS): All components are listed or exempted. China inventory (IECSC): All components are listed or exempted. Japan inventory: All components are listed or exempted. Korea inventory: All components are listed or exempted. Malaysia Inventory (EHS Register): Not determined. New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC): All components are listed or exempted. Philippines inventory (PICCS): All components are listed or exempted. Taiwan inventory (CSNN): All components are listed or exempted.
Chemical Weapons Convention List Schedule I Chemicals	:	Not listed
Chemical Weapons Convention List Schedule II Chemicals	:	Not listed
Chemical Weapons Convention List Schedule III Chemicals	:	Not listed

Section 16. Other information

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)



Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks Although HMIS® ratings are not required on SDSs under 29 CFR 1910. 1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered mark of the National Paint & Coatings Association (NPCA). HMIS® materials may be purchased exclusively from J. J. Keller (800) 327-6868.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material.

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)

Date of issue/Date of revision

Section 16. Other information



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Copyright ©2001, National Fire Protection Association, Quincy, MA 02269. This warning system is intended to be interpreted and applied only by properly trained individuals to identify fire, health and reactivity hazards of chemicals. The user is referred to certain limited number of chemicals with recommended classifications in NFPA 49 and NFPA 325, which would be used as a guideline only. Whether the chemicals are classified by NFPA or not, anyone using the 704 systems to classify chemicals does so at their own risk.

<u>History</u>	
Date of printing	: 9/4/2015
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 9/4/2015
Date of previous issue	: 4/15/2015
Version	: 1
Key to abbreviations	 ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Internediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL 73/78 = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) UN = United Nations
References	: Not available.

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

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To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.

Information contained within this SDS is only to be distributed as required by law.