

SAFETY DATA SHEETS

This SDS packet was issued with item:

510014202

The safety data sheets (SDS) in this packet apply to the individual products listed below. Please refer to invoice for specific item number(s).

510014195

Guttapercha Points

Coltène/Whaledent GmbH & Co. KG

Version No: 2.2

Safety Data Sheet according to WHMIS 2023 requirements

Issue Date: 02/11/2022

Print Date: 14/04/2025

S.GHS.CAN.EN

SECTION 1 Identification

Product Identifier

Product name	Guttapercha Points
Synonyms	Not Available
Proper shipping name	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S. (contains zinc oxide)
Other means of identification	Not Available

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Relevant identified uses	Medical device, for dental use only Use according to manufacturer's directions.
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Name, address, and telephone number of the chemical manufacturer, importer, or other responsible party

Registered company name	Coltène/Whaledent GmbH & Co. KG
Address	Raiffeisenstrasse 30 89129 Langenau Germany
Telephone	+49 (7345) 805 0
Fax	+49 (7345) 805 201
Website	www.coltene.com
Email	msds@coltene.com

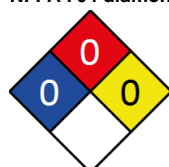
Emergency phone number

Association / Organisation	CHEMWATCH EMERGENCY RESPONSE (24/7)
Emergency telephone number(s)	+1 867 670 2867 (ID#: 9-895874)
Other emergency telephone number(s)	+61 3 9573 3188

SECTION 2 Hazard(s) identification

Classification of the substance or mixture

NFPA 704 diamond




Note: The hazard category numbers found in GHS classification in section 2 of this SDSs are NOT to be used to fill in the NFPA 704 diamond. Blue = Health Red = Fire Yellow = Reactivity White = Special (Oxidizer or water reactive substances)

Canadian WHMIS Symbols

Classification	Hazardous to the Aquatic Environment Acute Hazard Category 1, Hazardous to the Aquatic Environment Long-Term Hazard Category 1
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Label elements

Guttapercha Points

Hazard pictogram(s)	
Signal word	Warning

Hazard statement(s)

H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
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Physical and Health hazard(s) not otherwise classified

Not Applicable

Precautionary statement(s) Prevention

P273	Avoid release to the environment.
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Precautionary statement(s) Response

P391	Collect spillage.
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Precautionary statement(s) Storage

Not Applicable

Precautionary statement(s) Disposal

P501	Dispose of contents/container to authorised hazardous or special waste collection point in accordance with any local regulation.
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SECTION 3 Composition / information on ingredients

Substances

See section below for composition of Mixtures

Mixtures

CAS No	%[weight]	Name
1314-13-2	50-70	<u>zinc oxide</u>
13463-67-7	1-5	<u>C.I. Pigment White 6</u>

The specific chemical identity and/or exact percentage (concentration) of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

SECTION 4 First-aid measures

Description of first aid measures

Eye Contact	If this product comes in contact with eyes: <ul style="list-style-type: none">▶ Wash out immediately with water.▶ If irritation continues, seek medical attention.▶ Removal of contact lenses after an eye injury should only be undertaken by skilled personnel.
Skin Contact	If skin or hair contact occurs: <ul style="list-style-type: none">▶ Flush skin and hair with running water (and soap if available).▶ Seek medical attention in event of irritation.
Inhalation	<ul style="list-style-type: none">▶ If fumes, aerosols or combustion products are inhaled remove from contaminated area.▶ Other measures are usually unnecessary.
Ingestion	<ul style="list-style-type: none">▶ Immediately give a glass of water.▶ First aid is not generally required. If in doubt, contact a Poisons Information Centre or a doctor.

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat symptomatically.

SECTION 5 Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media

- ▶ Water spray or fog.
- ▶ Foam.
- ▶ Dry chemical powder.

Continued...

Guttapercha Points

- ▶ BCF (where regulations permit).
- ▶ Carbon dioxide.

Special hazards arising from the substrate or mixture

Fire Incompatibility	None known.
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Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters

Fire Fighting	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▶ Alert Fire Brigade and tell them location and nature of hazard. ▶ Wear breathing apparatus plus protective gloves in the event of a fire. ▶ Prevent, by any means available, spillage from entering drains or water courses. ▶ Use fire fighting procedures suitable for surrounding area. ▶ DO NOT approach containers suspected to be hot. ▶ Cool fire exposed containers with water spray from a protected location. ▶ If safe to do so, remove containers from path of fire. ▶ Equipment should be thoroughly decontaminated after use.
Fire/Explosion Hazard	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▶ Non combustible. ▶ Not considered a significant fire risk, however containers may burn. <p>Decomposition may produce toxic fumes of: metal oxides</p>

SECTION 6 Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

See section 8

Environmental precautions

See section 12

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Minor Spills	<p>Environmental hazard - contain spillage.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▶ Clean up all spills immediately. ▶ Avoid contact with skin and eyes. ▶ Wear impervious gloves and safety glasses. ▶ Use dry clean up procedures and avoid generating dust. ▶ Vacuum up. ▶ Do NOT use air hoses for cleaning ▶ Place spilled material in clean, dry, sealable, labelled container.
Major Spills	<p>Environmental hazard - contain spillage.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▶ Clear area of personnel and move upwind. ▶ Alert Fire Brigade and tell them location and nature of hazard. ▶ Control personal contact with the substance, by using protective equipment and dust respirator. ▶ Prevent spillage from entering drains, sewers or water courses. ▶ Avoid generating dust. ▶ Sweep, shovel up. Recover product wherever possible. ▶ Put residues in labelled plastic bags or other containers for disposal. ▶ If contamination of drains or waterways occurs, advise emergency services.

Personal Protective Equipment advice is contained in Section 8 of the SDS.

SECTION 7 Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Safe handling	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▶ Limit all unnecessary personal contact. ▶ Wear protective clothing when risk of exposure occurs. ▶ Use in a well-ventilated area. ▶ Avoid contact with incompatible materials. ▶ When handling, DO NOT eat, drink or smoke. ▶ Avoid physical damage to containers. ▶ Always wash hands with soap and water after handling. ▶ Work clothes should be laundered separately. ▶ Use good occupational work practice.
Other information	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▶ Store in original containers. ▶ Keep containers securely sealed. ▶ Store away from incompatible materials and foodstuff containers.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Suitable container	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▶ Packing as recommended by manufacturer. ▶ Check all containers are clearly labelled and free from leaks.
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Guttapercha Points

Storage incompatibility

- ▶ Store in original containers.
- ▶ Store in a cool, dry area protected from environmental extremes.
- ▶ Store away from incompatible materials and foodstuff containers.

SECTION 8 Exposure controls / personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational Exposure Limits (OEL)

INGREDIENT DATA


Source	Ingredient	Material name	TWA	STEL	Peak	Notes
Canada - Yukon Permissible Concentrations for Airborne Contaminant Substances	zinc oxide	Zinc oxide fume	5 mg/m3	10 mg/m3	Not Available	Not Available
Canada - Yukon Permissible Concentrations for Airborne Contaminant Substances	zinc oxide	Zinc oxide dust	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	(See Table 11)
Canada - Saskatchewan Occupational Health and Safety Regulations - Contamination Limits	zinc oxide	Zinc oxide, fume and dust (respirable fraction++)	2 mg/m3	10 mg/m3	Not Available	Not Available
Canada - Manitoba Occupational Exposure Limits	zinc oxide	Not Available	2 mg/m3	10 mg/m3	Not Available	TLV® Basis: Metal fume fever
Canada - Prince Edward Island Occupational Exposure Limits	zinc oxide	Zinc oxide	2 mg/m3	10 mg/m3	Not Available	TLV® Basis: Metal fume fever
Canada - British Columbia Occupational Exposure Limits	zinc oxide	Zinc oxide, Respirable	2 mg/m3	10 mg/m3	Not Available	Not Available
Canada - Ontario Occupational Exposure Limits	zinc oxide	Particles (Insoluble or Poorly Soluble) Not Otherwise Specified (PNOS) (Inhalable fraction)	10 mg/m3	Not Available	Not Available	(I) Inhalable fraction: means that size fraction of the airborne particulate deposited anywhere in the respiratory tract and collected during air sampling with a particle size-selective device that, (a) meets the ACGIH particle size-selective sampling criteria for airborne particulate matter; and (b) has the cut point of 100 µm at 50 per cent collection efficiency.
Canada - Ontario Occupational Exposure Limits	zinc oxide	Particles (Insoluble or Poorly Soluble) Not Otherwise Specified (PNOS) (Respirable fraction)	3 mg/m3	Not Available	Not Available	(R) Respirable fraction: means that size fraction of the airborne particulate deposited in the gas-exchange region of the respiratory tract and collected during air sampling with a particle size-selective device that, (a) meets the ACGIH particle size-selective sampling criteria for airborne particulate matter; and (b) has the cut point of 4 µm at 50 per cent collection efficiency.
Canada - Alberta Occupational Exposure Limits	zinc oxide	Zinc oxide, respirable	2 mg/m3	10 mg/m3	Not Available	Not Available
Canada - Northwest Territories Occupational Exposure Limits	zinc oxide	Particles (Insoluble or Poorly Soluble) Not Otherwise Specified: Inhalable fraction	10 mg/m3	20 mg/m3	Not Available	Not Available
Canada - Northwest Territories Occupational Exposure Limits	zinc oxide	Particles (Insoluble or Poorly Soluble) Not Otherwise Specified: Respirable fraction	3 mg/m3	6 mg/m3	Not Available	Not Available
Canada - Quebec Permissible Exposure Values for Airborne Contaminants	zinc oxide	Zinc, oxide - Respirable dust	2 mg/m3	10 mg/m3	Not Available	Not Available
Canada - Nova Scotia Occupational Exposure LimitsCanada	zinc oxide	Zinc oxide	2 mg/m3	10 mg/m3	Not Available	TLV Basis: metal fume fever
Canada - Saskatchewan Occupational Health and Safety Regulations - Contamination Limits	C.I. Pigment White 6	Titanium dioxide	10 mg/m3	20 mg/m3	Not Available	Not Available

Continued...

Guttapercha Points

Source	Ingredient	Material name	TWA	STEL	Peak	Notes
Canada - Manitoba Occupational Exposure Limits	C.I. Pigment White 6	Not Available	10 mg/m ³	Not Available	Not Available	TLV® Basis: LRT irr
Canada - Prince Edward Island Occupational Exposure Limits	C.I. Pigment White 6	Titanium dioxide	10 mg/m ³	Not Available	Not Available	TLV® Basis: LRT irr
Canada - British Columbia Occupational Exposure Limits	C.I. Pigment White 6	Titanium dioxide	10 mg/m ³	Not Available	Not Available	(N) - the 8-hour TWA listed in the Table is for the total dust. The substance also has an 8-hour TWA of 3 mg/m ³ for the respirable fraction.
Canada - Ontario Occupational Exposure Limits	C.I. Pigment White 6	Particles (Insoluble or Poorly Soluble) Not Otherwise Specified (PNOS) (Inhalable fraction)	10 mg/m ³	Not Available	Not Available	(I) Inhalable fraction: means that size fraction of the airborne particulate deposited anywhere in the respiratory tract and collected during air sampling with a particle size-selective device that, (a) meets the ACGIH particle size-selective sampling criteria for airborne particulate matter; and (b) has the cut point of 100 µm at 50 per cent collection efficiency.
Canada - Ontario Occupational Exposure Limits	C.I. Pigment White 6	Particles (Insoluble or Poorly Soluble) Not Otherwise Specified (PNOS) (Respirable fraction)	3 mg/m ³	Not Available	Not Available	(R) Respirable fraction: means that size fraction of the airborne particulate deposited in the gas-exchange region of the respiratory tract and collected during air sampling with a particle size-selective device that, (a) meets the ACGIH particle size-selective sampling criteria for airborne particulate matter; and (b) has the cut point of 4 µm at 50 per cent collection efficiency.
Canada - Alberta Occupational Exposure Limits	C.I. Pigment White 6	Titanium dioxide	10 mg/m ³	Not Available	Not Available	3 - Occupational exposure limit is based on irritation effects and its adjustment to compensate for unusual work schedules is not required.
Canada - Northwest Territories Occupational Exposure Limits	C.I. Pigment White 6	Titanium dioxide	10 mg/m ³	20 mg/m ³	Not Available	Not Available
Canada - Quebec Permissible Exposure Values for Airborne Contaminants	C.I. Pigment White 6	Titanium dioxide - Total dust	10 mg/m ³	Not Available	Not Available	Note 1: The standard corresponds to dust containing no asbestos and the percentage in crystalline silica is less than 1%.
Canada - Nova Scotia Occupational Exposure LimitsCanada	C.I. Pigment White 6	Titanium dioxide	10 mg/m ³	Not Available	Not Available	TLV Basis: lower respiratory tract irritation
Ingredient		Original IDLH			Revised IDLH	
zinc oxide		500 mg/m ³			Not Available	
C.I. Pigment White 6		5,000 mg/m ³			Not Available	

Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls	Engineering controls are used to remove a hazard or place a barrier between the worker and the hazard. Well-designed engineering controls can be highly effective in protecting workers and will typically be independent of worker interactions to provide this high level of protection.
Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment	
Eye and face protection	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ► Safety glasses with side shields ► Chemical goggles. [AS/NZS 1337.1, EN166 or national equivalent] ► Contact lenses may pose a special hazard; soft contact lenses may absorb and concentrate irritants. A written policy document, describing the wearing of lenses or restrictions on use, should be created for each workplace or task. This should include a review of lens absorption and adsorption for the class of chemicals in use and an account of injury experience. Medical and first-aid personnel should be trained in their removal and suitable equipment should be readily available. In the event of chemical exposure, begin eye irrigation immediately and remove contact lens as soon as practicable. Lens should be removed at the first signs of eye redness or irritation - lens should be removed in a clean environment only after workers have washed hands thoroughly. [CDC NIOSH Current Intelligence Bulletin 59].
Skin protection	See Hand protection below
Hands/feet protection	<p>Experience indicates that the following polymers are suitable as glove materials for protection against undissolved, dry solids, where abrasive particles are not present.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ► polychloroprene. ► nitrile rubber. ► butyl rubber. ► fluorocautchouc. ► polyvinyl chloride.

Continued...

Guttapercha Points

	Gloves should be examined for wear and/ or degradation constantly.
Body protection	See Other protection below
Other protection	No special equipment needed when handling small quantities. OTHERWISE: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▶ Overalls. ▶ Barrier cream. ▶ Eyewash unit.

Type -P Filter of sufficient capacity. (AS/NZS 1716 & 1715, EN 143:2000 & 149:2001, ANSI Z88 or national equivalent)

SECTION 9 Physical and chemical properties

Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance	Not Available		
Physical state	Solid	Relative density (Water = 1)	Not Available
Odour	Not Available	Partition coefficient n-octanol / water	Not Available
Odour threshold	Not Available	Auto-ignition temperature (°C)	Not Available
pH (as supplied)	Not Available	Decomposition temperature (°C)	Not Available
Melting point / freezing point (°C)	Not Available	Viscosity (cSt)	Not Available
Initial boiling point and boiling range (°C)	Not Available	Molecular weight (g/mol)	Not Available
Flash point (°C)	Not Available	Taste	Not Available
Evaporation rate	Not Available	Explosive properties	Not Available
Flammability	Not Applicable	Oxidising properties	Not Available
Upper Explosive Limit (%)	Not Available	Surface Tension (dyn/cm or mN/m)	Not Applicable
Lower Explosive Limit (%)	Not Available	Volatile Component (%vol)	Not Available
Vapour pressure (kPa)	Not Available	Gas group	Not Available
Solubility in water	Immiscible	pH as a solution (1%)	Not Available
Vapour density (Air = 1)	Not Available	VOC g/L	Not Available
Heat of Combustion (kJ/g)	Not Available	Ignition Distance (cm)	Not Available
Flame Height (cm)	Not Available	Flame Duration (s)	Not Available
Enclosed Space Ignition Time Equivalent (s/m3)	Not Available	Enclosed Space Ignition Deflagration Density (g/m3)	Not Available

SECTION 10 Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	See section 7
Chemical stability	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▶ Unstable in the presence of incompatible materials. ▶ Product is considered stable. ▶ Hazardous polymerisation will not occur.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	See section 7
Conditions to avoid	See section 7
Incompatible materials	See section 7
Hazardous decomposition products	See section 5

SECTION 11 Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

a) Acute Toxicity	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
b) Skin Irritation/Corrosion	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Continued...

Guttapercha Points

c) Serious Eye Damage/Irritation	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.												
d) Respiratory or Skin sensitisation	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.												
e) Mutagenicity	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.												
f) Carcinogenicity	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.												
g) Reproductivity	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.												
h) STOT - Single Exposure	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.												
i) STOT - Repeated Exposure	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.												
j) Aspiration Hazard	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.												
Guttapercha Points	<table><tr><th>TOXICITY</th><th>IRRITATION</th></tr><tr><td>Not Available</td><td>Not Available</td></tr></table>	TOXICITY	IRRITATION	Not Available	Not Available								
TOXICITY	IRRITATION												
Not Available	Not Available												
zinc oxide	<table><tr><th>TOXICITY</th><th>IRRITATION</th></tr><tr><td>dermal (rat) LD50: >2000 mg/kg^[1]</td><td>Eye (Rodent - rabbit): 500mg/24H - Mild</td></tr><tr><td>Inhalation (Rat) LC50: >1.79 mg/l4h^[1]</td><td>Eye: no adverse effect observed (not irritating)^[1]</td></tr><tr><td>Oral (Rat) LD50: >5000 mg/kg^[1]</td><td>Skin (Human): 300ug/3D (intermittent) - Mild</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>Skin (Rodent - rabbit): 500mg/24H - Mild</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>Skin: no adverse effect observed (not irritating)^[1]</td></tr></table>	TOXICITY	IRRITATION	dermal (rat) LD50: >2000 mg/kg ^[1]	Eye (Rodent - rabbit): 500mg/24H - Mild	Inhalation (Rat) LC50: >1.79 mg/l4h ^[1]	Eye: no adverse effect observed (not irritating) ^[1]	Oral (Rat) LD50: >5000 mg/kg ^[1]	Skin (Human): 300ug/3D (intermittent) - Mild		Skin (Rodent - rabbit): 500mg/24H - Mild		Skin: no adverse effect observed (not irritating) ^[1]
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Legend:	1. Value obtained from Europe ECHA Registered Substances - Acute toxicity 2. Value obtained from manufacturer's SDS. Unless otherwise specified data extracted from RTECS - Register of Toxic Effect of chemical Substances												

Acute Toxicity	✗	Carcinogenicity	✗
Skin Irritation/Corrosion	✗	Reproductivity	✗
Serious Eye Damage/Irritation	✗	STOT - Single Exposure	✗
Respiratory or Skin sensitisation	✗	STOT - Repeated Exposure	✗
Mutagenicity	✗	Aspiration Hazard	✗

Legend: ✗ – Data either not available or does not fill the criteria for classification
✔ – Data available to make classification

SECTION 12 Ecological information

Toxicity

Guttapercha Points	Endpoint	Test Duration (hr)	Species	Value	Source
	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
zinc oxide	Endpoint	Test Duration (hr)	Species	Value	Source
	BCF	1344h	Fish	19-110	7
	EC50	48h	Crustacea	0.105mg/L	2
	EC50	72h	Algae or other aquatic plants	0.022mg/L	2
	ErC50	72h	Algae or other aquatic plants	0.62mg/l	2
	EC50	96h	Algae or other aquatic plants	0.042mg/L	2
	EC10(ECx)	168h	Algae or other aquatic plants	0.003mg/L	2
	LC50	96h	Fish	0.102mg/L	2

Continued...

Guttapercha Points

C.I. Pigment White 6	Endpoint	Test Duration (hr)	Species	Value	Source
	BCF	1008h	Fish	<1.1-9.6	7
	EC50	48h	Crustacea	1.9mg/l	2
	EC50	72h	Algae or other aquatic plants	3.75-7.58mg/l	4
	EC50	96h	Algae or other aquatic plants	179.05mg/l	2
	NOEC(ECx)	672h	Fish	>=0.004mg/L	2
	LC50	96h	Fish	1.85-3.06mg/l	4
Legend: <i>Extracted from 1. IUCLID Toxicity Data 2. Europe ECHA Registered Substances - Ecotoxicological Information - Aquatic Toxicity 4. US EPA, Ecotox database - Aquatic Toxicity Data 5. ECETOC Aquatic Hazard Assessment Data 6. NITE (Japan) - Bioconcentration Data 7. METI (Japan) - Bioconcentration Data 8. Vendor Data</i>					

Very toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

Persistence and degradability

Ingredient	Persistence: Water/Soil	Persistence: Air
C.I. Pigment White 6	HIGH	HIGH

Bioaccumulative potential

Ingredient	Bioaccumulation
zinc oxide	LOW (BCF = 217)
C.I. Pigment White 6	LOW (BCF = 10)

Mobility in soil

Ingredient	Mobility
C.I. Pigment White 6	LOW (Log KOC = 23.74)



SECTION 13 Disposal considerations

Waste treatment methods

Product / Packaging disposal	Dispose of waste according to applicable legislation. Special country-specific regulations may apply. Can be disposed together with household waste in compliance with official regulations in contact with approved waste disposal companies and with authorities in charge. (Only dispose of completely emptied packages.)
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SECTION 14 Transport information

Labels Required

	
Marine Pollutant	

Land transport (TDG)

14.1. UN number or ID number	3077	
14.2. UN proper shipping name	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S. (contains zinc oxide)	
14.3. Transport hazard class(es)	Class	9
	Subsidiary Hazard	Not Applicable
14.4. Packing group	III	
14.5. Environmental hazard	Environmentally hazardous	

SECTION 15 Regulatory information

14.7.3. Transport in bulk in accordance with the IGC Code	Product name	C.I. Pigment White 6
	zinc oxide	Not Available
	Ship Type	Not Available
14.7.2. Transport in bulk in accordance with MARPOL Annex V and the IMSBC Code	Product name	C.I. Pigment White 6
	zinc oxide	Not Available
	Group	Not Available
14.7.1. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC code		
Not Applicable		
14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments		

14.6. Special precautions for user	EMS Number	F-A, S-F
	Special provisions	274 335 966 967 969
	Limited Quantities	5 kg
14.5. Environmental hazard	Marine Pollutant	
14.4. Packing group	III	
14.3. Transport hazard class(es)	IMDG Class	9
	IMDG Subsidiary Hazard	Not Applicable
14.2. UN proper shipping name	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S. (contains zinc oxide)	
14.1. UN number	3077	

Sea transport (IMDG-Code / GGVSee)

14.6. Special precautions for user	Special provisions	A97 A158 A179 A197 A215
	Cargo Only Packing Instructions	956
	Cargo Only Maximum Qty / Pack	400 kg
	Passenger and Cargo Packing Instructions	956
	Passenger and Cargo Maximum Qty / Pack	400 kg
	Passenger and Cargo Limited Quantity Packing Instructions	Y956
	Passenger and Cargo Limited Maximum Qty / Pack	30 kg G
14.5. Environmental hazard	Environmentally hazardous	
14.4. Packing group	III	
14.3. Transport hazard class(es)	ICAO/IATA Class	9
	ICAO / IATA Subsidiary Hazard	Not Applicable
	ERG Code	9L
14.2. UN proper shipping name	Environmentally hazardous substance, solid, n.o.s. (contains zinc oxide)	
14.1. UN number	3077	

Air transport (ICAO-IATA / DGR)

14.6. Special precautions for user	Special provisions	16, 99
	Explosive Limit and Limited Quantity Index	5 kg
	ERAP Index	Not Applicable

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Hazardous Products Regulations and the SDS contains all the information required by the Hazardous Products Regulations.

zinc oxide is found on the following regulatory lists

- Canada Categorization decisions for all DSL substances
- Canada Domestic Substances List (DSL)
- Canada Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)
- Canada Toxicological Index Service - Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System - WHMIS GHS
- International WHO List of Proposed Occupational Exposure Limit (OEL) Values for Manufactured Nanomaterials (MNMS)

C.I. Pigment White 6 is found on the following regulatory lists

- Canada Categorization decisions for all DSL substances
- Canada Domestic Substances List (DSL)
- Canada Toxicological Index Service - Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System - WHMIS GHS
- Chemical Footprint Project - Chemicals of High Concern List
- International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) - Agents Classified by the IARC Monographs
- International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) - Agents Classified by the IARC Monographs - Group 2B: Possibly carcinogenic to humans
- International WHO List of Proposed Occupational Exposure Limit (OEL) Values for Manufactured Nanomaterials (MNMS)

Additional Regulatory Information

Not Applicable

National Inventory Status

National Inventory	Status
Australia - AIIC / Australia Non-Industrial Use	Yes
Canada - DSL	Yes
Canada - NDSL	No (C.I. Pigment White 6)
China - IECSC	Yes
Europe - EINEC / ELINCS / NLP	Yes
Japan - ENCS	Yes
Korea - KECI	Yes
New Zealand - NZIoC	Yes
Philippines - PICCS	Yes
USA - TSCA	All chemical substances in this product have been designated as TSCA Inventory 'Active'
Taiwan - TCSI	Yes
Mexico - INSQ	Yes
Vietnam - NCI	Yes
Russia - FBEPH	Yes
Legend:	Yes = All CAS declared ingredients are on the inventory No = One or more of the CAS listed ingredients are not on the inventory. These ingredients may be exempt or will require registration.

SECTION 16 Other information

Revision Date	02/11/2022
Initial Date	31/01/2022

SDS Version Summary

Version	Date of Update	Sections Updated
1.2	02/11/2022	Toxicological information - Chronic Health, Hazards identification - Classification, Exposure controls / personal protection - Exposure Standard, Composition / information on ingredients - Ingredients

Other information

The SDS is a Hazard Communication tool and should be used to assist in the Risk Assessment. Many factors determine whether the reported Hazards are Risks in the workplace or other settings. Risks may be determined by reference to Exposures Scenarios. Scale of use, frequency of use and current or available engineering controls must be considered.

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